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## CIVIL SERVANTS' ALLOWANCES

### Reported Recommendations Of Salaries Commission

### 25 To 75 Percent Increases

A detailed list of living allowances for government employees reportedly suggested by the Government-appointed Salaries Commission, was published yesterday in the Sing Tao Jih Pao, which at the same time said the proposals had been accepted by the Hong Kong Government.

The allowances published in the Chinese newspaper range from 20 per cent to 75 per cent of salaries, with some allowances fixed on certain levels. The report added that should the existing 1941 living allowance plus the rehabilitation allowance exceed the newly proposed 75 per cent maximum the employees involved will be allowed to draw the higher allowance.

The report added that the proposed allowances become effective as from April last. Following is the detailed list of salaries with proposed allowances as published in the Chinese newspaper yesterday:

#### Married Employees

##### (Sterling Salaries)

Under \$120 per annum: Allowance 75% not exceeding \$20.  
Under \$200 per annum: Allowance 60% not exceeding \$20.  
Under \$300 per annum: Allowance 50% not exceeding \$20.  
Under \$400 per annum: Allowance 40% not exceeding \$20.  
Under \$500 per annum: Allowance 30% not exceeding \$20.  
Under \$600 per annum: Allowance 25% not exceeding \$20.  
Under \$700 per annum: Allowance 20% not exceeding \$20.  
Under \$800 per annum: Allowance 15% not exceeding \$20.  
Under \$900 per annum: Allowance 10% not exceeding \$20.  
Under \$1,000 per annum: Allowance 5% not exceeding \$20.  
Over \$1,000 per annum: No Allowance.

#### Married Employees

##### (H.K. Currency)

Under \$8,720 per annum: Allowance 75% not exceeding \$4,000.  
Under \$12,800 per annum: Allowance 60% not exceeding \$4,000.  
Under \$16,800 per annum: Allowance 50% not exceeding \$4,000.  
Under \$20,800 per annum: Allowance 40% not exceeding \$4,000.  
Under \$24,800 per annum: Allowance 30% not exceeding \$4,000.  
Under \$28,800 per annum: Allowance 25% not exceeding \$4,000.  
Under \$32,800 per annum: Allowance 20% not exceeding \$4,000.  
Under \$36,800 per annum: Allowance 15% not exceeding \$4,000.  
Under \$40,800 per annum: Allowance 10% not exceeding \$4,000.  
Under \$44,800 per annum: Allowance 5% not exceeding \$4,000.  
Over \$48,800 per annum: No Allowance.

#### Unmarried On

##### Sterling Basis

Under \$500 per annum: Allowance 60% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$600 per annum: Allowance 50% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$700 per annum: Allowance 40% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$800 per annum: Allowance 30% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$900 per annum: Allowance 25% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$1,000 per annum: Allowance 20% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$1,100 per annum: Allowance 15% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$1,200 per annum: Allowance 10% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$1,300 per annum: Allowance 5% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$1,400 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$1,500 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$1,600 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$1,700 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$1,800 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$1,900 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$200.  
Under \$2,000 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$200.

#### Unmarried

##### (H.K. Currency)

Under \$8,000 per annum: Allowance 60% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$12,000 per annum: Allowance 50% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$16,000 per annum: Allowance 40% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$20,000 per annum: Allowance 30% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$24,000 per annum: Allowance 25% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$28,000 per annum: Allowance 20% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$32,000 per annum: Allowance 15% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$36,000 per annum: Allowance 10% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$40,000 per annum: Allowance 5% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$44,000 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$48,000 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$52,000 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$56,000 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$3,200.  
Under \$60,000 per annum: Allowance 0% not exceeding \$3,200.

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### SINO-BRITISH AGREEMENT

Nanking, July 8. The Foreign Minister, Dr. Wang Shih-chieh, was today appointed by the Executive Yuan, plenipotentiary to represent China in the signing of the Sino-British air transport agreement. Foreign Office sources stated that no definite date has been set for the ceremony but it is expected to come soon. Meanwhile, Chinese negotiators today presented counter-proposals to the Dutch draft of the Sino-Dutch air pact. —Reuter.

## Tokunaga Sentence Surprise

The commuted death sentences of two locally convicted Japanese war criminals, Colonel Tokunaga Isao and Dr. Saio Shunkichi, reported exclusively by the "China Mail" on June 28 last, was promulgated to the two prisoners yesterday, it was officially learned last night.

The two Japanese were convicted and sentenced to death on February 13 last, following a trial lasting three months, by the No. 5 War Crimes Court. Tokunaga's sentence has been commuted to life and Saio's to 20 years imprisonment.

The "China Mail" understands that the commutation of the death sentences has been received with great surprise by the Canadian War Crimes authorities in Hong Kong, who have informally written to the Canadian Government on the subject.

Tokunaga, who was Commander of all POW Camps in Hong Kong during the Japanese occupation, was found guilty on eight out of 10 charges, including those of being concerned in the killing of recaptured Canadian and British POWs who had attempted to escape.

Saio, Medical Officer in charge of POW Camps in Hong Kong, was found guilty on four of five charges.

## Isogai On Trial: Opium In H.K.

Nanking, July 8. Major-General Rensuke Isogai, former governor of Japanese-occupied Hong Kong, went on trial for war crimes today before a military tribunal of the National Defence Ministry.

The 65-year old general, dressed in a plain uniform, stood solemnly in the dock as the Chief Justice, Mr. Shih Mei-yu, charged him with responsibility for the invasion of China, violation of international law and disturbance of world peace.

The court declared that as leader of Japan's Kwantung Army, Isogai led his troops in the landing at Taku Bar near Tientsin immediately after the Marco Polo Bridge incident on July 7, 1937.

Justice Shih stated that he attacked along the Tientsin Pukow Railway in an attempt to capture Nanking and that as he advanced, he permitted his soldiers to rape and murder. He carried out a policy of terrorism in Shanghai and Hong Kong from December, 1938 to February, 1939.

Isogai served as military governor of Hong Kong from February, 1942 to December, 1944. During this period, "he poisoned the people by the public sale of opium," Justice Shih said. The discussion this morning was principally on this point—whether Isogai did or did not allow the distribution of opium. The Japanese general, speaking rapidly in his own defence,

## Reparations To Be Scaled Down?

Tokyo, July 8. The coming second visit to Japan of the Clifford Strike economic survey committee was regarded by both American and Japanese observers as indicating another scaling down of reparations payments in favour of the Japanese.

A SCAP official said, however, that certain reparations payments would not be delayed by the Committee's projected survey of the Japanese economy. It was significantly noted that each industrial survey of Japan has recommended more liberal reparations terms for the Japanese.

The first in October, 1945 by the strategic bombing survey did not concern itself with reparations.

The second, by Edwin C. Pauley during November, 1945, recommended reparations payments which SCAP and other quarters regarded unofficially as too harsh and unrealistic.

The third survey, at the end of 1946, conducted by SCAP's own Economic and Scientific Section, resulted in a milder interim reparations programme being recommended by Gen. Douglas MacArthur.

During February, 1947, the Strike Committee, at the invitation of the War Department, made an "independent" survey of the Japanese economy and recommended even less reparations to be evacuated from Japan.

The fact that the War Department has now authorised the Strike Committee to revisit Japan to undertake a "final" survey of Japanese economy was interpreted as meaning the Department may want to go even further than Gen. MacArthur in maintaining a strong industrial Japan.

Japanese financial circles were openly optimistic at the prospect of reestablishing the country's economic strength by the Strike Committee whose first report, they learned, favoured small reparations payments.

At the same time, representatives of foreign reparations missions in Tokyo were awaiting the Strike Committee's arrival with concern. They feel the best they can hope from another survey of Japanese economy is another delay in allocation of the 30 per cent interim reparations.

One foreign reparations observer said: "This puts 'two strikes' on before we start." —United Press.

## Trading With Japan

Tokyo, July 8. No noticeable entry of foreign shipping into Japanese ports is expected immediately following the resumption of Japan's trade with other nations, according to a spokesman of the foreign trade division of General MacArthur's headquarters.

The standard procedure of shipping followed during the occupation will continue to operate until sufficient exports and sales have accumulated to warrant regular berthing services by foreign ships. In most cases it will be "several months" before delivery on contracts will be made by Japanese manufacturers, the spokesman said.

When finished goods are made ready for transport, the buyer nations will bring in their own foreign shipping.

Meanwhile, it is learned that the former Japanese naval base at Yokosuka, near Yokohama, demilitarized since the surrender, is likely to become one of the major ports for foreign trade after August 15.

The Mayor of Yokosuka and the local chamber of commerce have approached the Government with a request that Yokosuka harbour be specified as a peace-time port. —Reuter.

## Whisky Or The Heat?

London, July 8. The Times today advanced its theory of the flying saucers in a brief dispatch from New York.

"In weather as hot as this imagination tends to become fevered," it said.

The Daily Telegraph offered the Air Ministry theory that the saucers are the "indirect result of the recent large exports of Scotch whisky."

The Daily Herald cracked "It must be a Russian athlete practicing darts, throwing for the Olympic Games—and he doesn't know his own strength."

The News Chronicle front-paged a cartoon of a henpecked husband reading newspaper reports of the phenomenon while the wife tosses flying saucers at him. —United Press.

## Mexicans Seeing Things

Chicago, July 8. Although "flying saucers" reportedly are still flitting about the nation—and even invaded Mexico City—there were no claimants for the rewards of \$1,000 each offered in Chicago, Los Angeles and Spokane for a genuine specimen.

Several persons telephoned the Mexican National Defence Ministry to report discs over Mexico but the Ministry spokesman said he did not believe them.

In Los Angeles the Russian Vice-Consul, Eugene Tunantsev, scoffed at suggestions that the saucers might be from Russia.

## Skirmishing In Sinkiang

Shanghai, July 8. China is continuing negotiations with outer Mongolia over the recent Peitashan incident. Sun Fo, president of the Executive Yuan, told a news conference in Shanghai today.

Sun Fo made the statement as the official Central News Agency reported that skirmishes between Chinese Nationalists and Outer Mongolia were "still in progress" in the vicinity of Peitashan (White Pagoda Mountain).

Central News gave as its source a report received by President Chiang Kai-shek's branch headquarters at Lanchow, capital of Kansu, but gave no indication when it was dated.

Sun Fo said he had no knowledge of an alleged Soviet attack on Tacheng, Sinkiang (on which both the Chinese Foreign Office and the Nationalist military authorities in Nanking had also previously denied any information).

He declared Nanking's general mobilisation order was designed to "wipe out the civil strife at the earliest possible time."

### Threat

Any political party opposing the order should be considered as opposing the government which "could not tolerate such situation and might resort to drastic measures," he said.

The statement was clearly aimed at the Democratic League, which is not participating in the present "coalition" government and which consistently has been demanding a settlement of differences between the Kuomintang and the Communists by negotiation.

Sun Fo said Moscow's decision to allow 8,000 Soviet families in China to return home might have been dictated by the need of manpower. —Associated Press.

### ONTARIO'S GIFT TO BRITAIN

Reading, July 7. Hundreds of victims of Britain's springtime floods stood in line at a temporary Red Cross office today, to get four tins of food for each member of their family, and for each child a tin of milk, sent by the people of Ontario. Most of the 30,000 tins bore the label, "There'll always be an England."

Major S. P. Armstrong, Ontario's Agent General in London, said the people of the province had given \$2,000,000 worth of food, and \$50,000 in cash for Britain. Some 3,000,000 individual gifts were made. —Reuter.

## No China Collapse-- Bank Head

Salt Lake City, July 8. Inflation in China is "very bad" but there will be no financial collapse, Liu Feng-huang, Manager of the Central Bank of China, said today.

In this country for a four-month tour, Mr. Liu said currency would be deflated when the civil war ends.

"China should have had a period of deflation in 1945 but because of the war with the Chinese Communists we were forced to issue currency with the result that we have now a serious inflation," said Liu.

China's need at present are goods, clothing and financial aid. "Particularly do we need financial help from the Americans to combat inflation and begin reconstruction of the nation," he added.

With his wife and their 14-year-old son Clarence, Liu left for San Francisco. —Associated Press.

He said: "Russia respects the sovereignty of all Governments and by no stretch of the imagination would it use another country for a proving ground." —United Press.

## K.R.A. HOUSING SCHEME Co-op Society Plan

A housing scheme similar in many respects to the "Pay as you Live" plan of the Cooperative Home Construction Association now being organised by Mr. U Tat Chee and other Chinese businessmen, was considered three weeks ago by the General Committee of Kowloon Residents' Association, the "China Mail" was informed yesterday.

A memorandum, submitted to the KRA by Mr. Hugh Braga for the formation of a Cooperative Home-building Society, was unanimously approved by the General Committee who pointed out that such an organisation would possibly do more than anything else for the well-being of the community today.

The General Committee has decided that before proceeding with the project it would be necessary to ascertain the number of residents genuinely interested. If sufficient response is forthcoming, a public meeting will be called to discuss the matter.

The President of the KRA said that unlike similar societies in other parts of the world, the Home-Building Society would build homes on a large scale and sell the houses. A person wishing to participate in the scheme would take up a number of shares in the Building Society. These shares would be of a nominal value of say \$1,000 each. A person acquiring property worth \$50,000 from the Building Society would take up 50 shares, and payment for them would be made in monthly instalments covering interest, amortisation, taxes, crown rent and management. After say 25 years, the shares would be fully paid up and the home would then be the sole property of the purchaser.


Throughout the world, Governments are doing everything possible to encourage people to purchase their own homes and housing is regarded as a No. 1 priority. There is no reason why the Hong Kong Government should not do likewise. It was recognised by the Committee that the only hope for the average man to obtain satisfactory accommodation would be through Government assistance to the individual, on easy terms, over a long period.

(Continued on Page 10 Col. 8)

## THE WEATHER

A weak ridge of high pressure extends from the Pacific anticyclone to the Philippines; a low pressure area covers most of China and a small tropical depression centred just E. of Okinawa is moving NNW. Today's Forecast—Light winds, partly cloudy after morning showers. Yesterday's Weather—Maximum: 84.5 deg. Fah. Minimum: 76.8 deg. Fah. Sunshine: 2.0 hours. Rainfall: 26.5 mm. = 1.12 inches. Total since Jan. 1—1155.5 mm. as against an average of 1084.5 mm. Resulting at 10 a.m. 11 a.m. Baro. at m.s.l. 1006.8 1004.8 mb. Equals 29.73 29.67 inches. Rel. Humidity 72 86 deg. Fah. Sun. Pos. 10 16 70 deg. F. Wind Direction 8 Calm Wind Force 0 0 knots.

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## Coming Events

July 11—Peak Tramways annual meeting, noon.  
July 16—Wm. Powell, Ltd. annual meeting, noon.

## Compensation Claims

Persons resident in the Colony of Hong Kong who are the owners of the classes of property enumerated below are invited to address an enquiry as soon as possible, to the Colonial Secretary, making for information as to the procedure to be followed in negotiating claims for compensation.

(1) Property nationalised by the Governments of Poland, Czechoslovakia, and Jugoslavia.

(2) Property which suffered loss or damage owing to war operations in Poland.

(3) Shares in the Rumanian National Bank.

## Foki's Mind Not Normal

Sub-Inspector Waldron prosecuted in the case when Yin Kwok Wai, 21, a shop foki, was charged with larceny of \$1,000 from the safe of his employer. Yin was cautioned by Mr. d'Almeida at the Central Magistracy yesterday.

Defendant told the magistrate that at the time of the net his mind was unbalanced and did not know what he was doing.

The prosecuting officer said that the defendant when arrested appeared to be not quite himself, especially when answering questions.

A medical report from the Queen Mary Hospital said that his mind was not normal.

# P.M.G. ANSWERS CRITICS

## Delays In Air Mail From Home

## 'Misunderstanding Of Difficulties'

Complaints and criticisms in the Press and from commercial firms regarding airmail delays and allegations of postal inefficiency were answered by the Postmaster General, Mr. E. I. Wynne-Jones, at a Press conference yesterday.

"Recent letters appearing in the Press have revealed a very grave misunderstanding on the part of the Public of the responsibilities and difficulties involved in the transport of airmail to and from Hong Kong.

"In the first place it must be recognised that it is the usual practice of any Postal Administration to use as far as possible only those carrier companies which work according to a regular schedule. The use of casual flights may, on rare occasions, be advantageous, but in the long run the regular carrier must provide a better service.

"For this reason, since the re-occupation of Hong Kong, B.O.A.C. have made every effort to establish regular direct services to the United Kingdom and the Colony. Until June 26 they were only able to provide one service each way per week by a 'Hythe' Flying Boat. As, however, the R.A.F. until the beginning of the year were running a frequent and regular transport service via Calcutta every opportunity was taken to utilise this service.

"R.A.F. as is well known, has gradually to reduce the services owing to reduction in man power and the situation became rather serious until the B.O.A.C. introduced their Plymouth Flying Boat Service on June 26. It is a fact that according to the dates of London dispatches somewhat serious delays in mails from the United Kingdom have occurred within the last month. The following are the dates on record:

From U. Kingdom	Arrived Hong Kong	Per
June 13	June 29	B.O.A.C.
" 16	" 27	R.A.F.
" 17	July 6	"
" 22	June 28	B.O.A.C.
" 23	July 4	"
" 27	July 7	"

"It is probable that the delay in the R.A.F. dispatches is due to their being off-loaded at Calcutta, and although frequent representations and telegrams have been sent to Calcutta a satisfactory explanation has still to be obtained. This Administration, however, has no control over what happens to the mails on route.

**Services Mail**  
"With the inauguration of the bi-weekly B.O.A.C. services, mails for the United Kingdom have been despatched by B.O.A.C. only, and from the dates of the recent U.K. dispatches received here it seems likely that the same policy is being adopted by the G.P.O. London.

"It is important that it should be made quite clear that no imputation is being made against the R.A.F. Service in this statement, because there is no through R.A.F. service between the United Kingdom and Hong Kong. The delay occurs when the mail has to be transhipped. It then has to wait its turn for a vacancy on a through plane or subsidiary service.

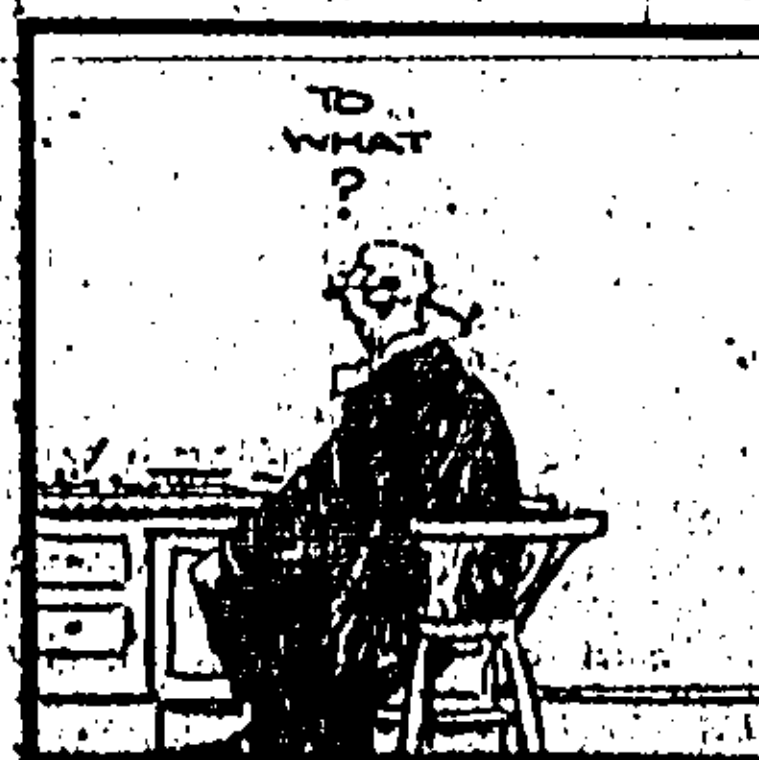
"One correspondent, apparently an R.A.F. man, suggests that Service mails are kept off the B.O.A.C. and retained for transport by the R.A.F.; this is not so. Since February, this year both Service and Civilian mail have been forwarded as far as possible by B.O.A.C. irrespective of origin, but of course until June 26, certain amount, both of Civilian and of Service mail, had to be sent by R.A.F. owing to the inadequacy of the lift of the single weekly B.O.A.C. machine.

**U.S. Mail**  
"One correspondent asks me to explain why the G.P.O. London charge 1/- for a letter taking 25 days by air. The answer is that this is the standard rate for airmail from the United Kingdom to Hong Kong, and no Postal Administration can possibly guarantee a minimum transit time; even steamers have been known to take as much as three months or more on a trip.

"With reference to the queries regarding airmail to and from the United States, one correspondent has already provided the almost perfect answer. In fact airmail from Hong Kong to the United States is now carried under contract by P.A.L., but so far as it is known the United States postal authorities have not yet made any such arrangement.

"United States mail for Hong Kong, therefore, still travels across the Atlantic to Hong Kong.

## POP



## WAR MEMORIAL FUND

Subscriptions received on 8th July, 1947.

Hong Kong Tramways Limited \$50,000.00; Mr. & Mrs. W. P. Simmons \$500.00; Nede Banduch Indische Handelsbank, N.V. 2,000.00; Mr. E. P. Streetfield \$500.00; Dr. & Mrs. N. F. Karanila \$100.00; Wanchai Parochial Centre 25.00; total \$53,125.00 Hong Kong Government Contribution \$53,125.00; Received to 7th July 1947 \$1,553,667.00. Total: \$1,606,792.00.

## GOLD'S SPURT

Gold made a big spurt to \$324.50 a tael yesterday after opening at \$320, but towards the close it fell back to \$318.50.

Plastics went down to \$10.55 a 100 after opening at \$10.95, but rallied to \$10.97 at the close.

Chinese National Currency was again quiet, and rates closed at 10 cents for futures and 14.2 cents for spot (for CN\$1,000) after fractional fluctuations. U.S. dollars were unchanged at \$7.95, but Sterling notes weakened considerably to \$12.80. Australian pound notes were unchanged at \$12.50.

## CORRECTION

An Associated Press error that slipped by the subeditors in yesterday's paper reported that British troops in Japan were receiving mail by Sunderland from Hong Kong, served by the R.A.F.'s new "Dragon Boat" service from Poole. This should, of course, have been the B.O.A.C. "Dragon Boat" service, which operates twice a week from Poole to Hong Kong.

It is notified that passengers leaving Hong Kong for Shanghai are no longer required to possess valid certificates of vaccination against smallpox.

## Readers' Letters

### Tokunaga And Saito

Sir,—It has just leaked out that these two criminals have been reprieved and, as you have always been a champion in the interest of justice, I trust you will give this matter your attention.

The fact that two such scoundrels as Tokunaga and Saito have been reprieved must cause much bitterness amongst those who are left behind to mourn the loss of their dear ones, who were virtually murdered at the hands of these two swine.

Not only were these beastly creatures responsible for the innumerable deaths and suffering in Shanghai, but they deliberately sent very sick men to Japan to work in mines, etc. Some of these men never got a day's work when they got there as they were too ill, and just hung on until they died.

As a great many members of the H.K.V.D.C. were victims of this brutality, could not the local Volunteer Association interest itself in this travesty of justice, and endeavour to find out on what grounds these two friends have escaped their just reward.

### GREEN HORROR.

### Housing Scheme

Sir,—In view of the overcrowdedness of this colony and the resultant heavy T.B. mortality, the new building scheme suggested by a public spirited gentleman—Mr. U. Tat Chee—and announced by The Sunday Herald is most timely.

The advantages of the scheme are that every house is five-roomed in addition to servants quarters and is surrounded by a strip of vacant land, and an interview with Mr. U. Tat Chee, the information that a Childrens Play-ground, a Tennis Court, a School, a Flat Aid Station and a Co-

ference and in reply to a question he said that the present bi-weekly service was quite capable of handling all the mail entrusted to them.

## Jap, Waves To Court

Lieut. Oita Yoshiji was yesterday found guilty by No. 5 War Crimes Court of being concerned in the ill-treatment of POWs at Formosa between Nov. 14, 1942 and March 1943 and sentenced to 18 months' imprisonment.

Lieut. Ashida Tsunoru, who was charged together with Oita, was found not guilty and discharged.

Oita was apparently very satisfied with the sentence which he received. He was all smiles as he left the dock and approached his own Counsel and Major Ormsby, Prosecuting Officer, both of whom he saluted repeatedly and thanked most profusely. As he left the courtroom, Oita waved a cheerful farewell to those present.

No. 5 War Crimes Court, before which the case was tried, comprised Lieut. Col. R. C. Laming (Dept. of the JAG India), Barrister-at-Law, President, Major R. S. Butterfield (Indian Grenadiers) and Major J. T. Loranger (JAG Canadian Branch), Members.

Major M. I. Ormsby of The West Yorkshire Regiment was Prosecuting Officer. The accused were represented by Mr. Kavanami-Shegikichi assisted by Lieut. D. C. Banfield as Advisory Officer.

In a plea for mitigation on behalf of Oita, after the Court had announced its findings, defence counsel said that he was convinced that Oita was a victim of circumstances. It was pointed out that Oita had been detained in prison as a War Crime suspect for almost one year.

## Hospital Appeal For Books

It is scarcely necessary to emphasize the value of books and magazines to patients in hospitals, especially to those who are bed ridden or are passing a long convalescence, and to many patients in the mental hospital.

An effort is now being made to provide improved reading facilities for patients in Government Hospitals, and two ladies, Mrs. H. Talbot and Mrs. S. K. Yee, have kindly volunteered their services in looking after libraries in these Hospitals.

The amount of reading matter available at present is very limited, and an appeal is now made to the generosity of the Hong Kong public for contributions of books, periodicals and magazines of all descriptions in English and Chinese.

Contributions in the form of other collections of literature or single copies will be gratefully received at Medical Headquarters, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building, 1st floor.

## ASSAULT CHARGE

A further remand of one week was granted by Mr. F. X. d'Almeida at Central yesterday when P.A. and H.A. da Silva Pedraza were charged with impersonating a police officer, assaulting Denis Victor, manager of the Lido Dance Hall and maliciously damaging the premises of the dance hall.

## SHERMAN JINGLES No. 1

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# Done Behind Russia's Back!

## MASTER PLAN FOR WORLD

### Soviet Delegate Attacks Paris Talks

#### Indignant Reply By French Spokesman

Geneva, July 7.

Valerian Zorin, Russian delegate to the Economic Commission for Europe, charged today that Britain and France had agreed with the United States, behind the Soviet Union's back, on the implementation of the Marshall Plan.

At the Paris conference, which broke up when Russia refused to go along, "it was simply proposed to agree to what they had planned beforehand," M. Zorin told the ECE.

M. Zorin accused the United Kingdom and France of planning the creation of a new organization for carrying out the Marshall Plan. He said this organization would stand above European countries and outside the United Nations, with control over the European countries and the right to develop certain branches of industries in those countries.

The United Kingdom and France, he said, intended to occupy dominating positions in this organization.

M. Zorin warned that no foreign interference could be tolerated. He said: "On such a basis we cannot establish a normal basis of cooperation."

He said the Paris proposals had "nothing in common with the interests of Europe" and "Soviet Russia had nothing in common with such an erroneous policy."

At the opening of the session and before M. Zorin spoke, Mr. Hector McNeill read a British Government statement saying the British Government in accepting the Marshall Plan invitation would keep in touch with the ECE and the United Nations and its appropriate agencies.

"I am instructed to reassert my Government's full loyalty to the ECE and its undiminished hope that it will play an important part in tasks which it was created to fulfill," Mr. McNeill said.

He said the ECE should not "at this time" pass any resolution on the Marshall Plan and the Anglo-French invitation to take any specific action thereon.

#### Controversy

"It seems clear that as a Commission we should now be able to act unanimously and therefore it seems to us no useful purpose would be served by arousing controversy," he added.

Mr. McNeill, recalling the United States offer and the first Paris meeting, said:

"On one point, which seemed to us fundamental, the views of the Soviet Government and the United Kingdom were sharply different. This was, to my Government and, I am sure, to all three Governments, a situation greatly to be regretted."

The French Government, in a statement given by Andre Philip, associated itself with the United Kingdom, stressing the urgency for Britain and France to take the initiative for the effort of reconstruction and demanding the speediest possible action for establishing a programme of European needs and availabilities.

Continuing to reply to M. Zorin, Mr. McNeill said the United Kingdom and France had been under no obligation to supply Russia with information even if they had it.

He said the suggestion that the United Kingdom wanted to use the Marshall Plan to overcome her own difficulties would not bear examination and Britain, despite her own difficulties, wanted to help Europe.

After he finished, the United States Undersecretary of State, Mr. Clayton, who was sitting next to him, shook his hand. Mr. Clayton did not speak.

**Excessive Distrust**  
M. Philip indignantly, and with lively gesticulation, replied

#### AIR SAFETY RULING

Washington, July 7.  
The special Presidential air safety investigating committee recommended today that effective immediately all aircraft operating at night under instrument conditions be required to fly at least 2,000 feet above mountainous terrain and 1,000 feet above "characteristically level" territory.

The board was established by President Truman last month after 95 persons died in air crashes at New York and Virginia. Its report was signed by James L. London, chairman of the Civil Aeronautics Authority. — United Press.

#### Lights Out During An Operation

Pateron, N.J., July 7.

Pinching a severed artery with his fingers for 20 minutes in darkness while repairs were made, a surgeon successfully concluded an appendectomy on a 65-year-old patient.

Dr. Vincent W. Gludice, performing an emergency operation, had barely made the incision on the patient's abdomen when the power failed. When he felt the blood flowing, he knew an artery had been severed.

He caught up an end and held on while the patient breathed heavily under anaesthesia.

When the light was restored 20 minutes later, Dr. Gludice completed the operation without a further hitch. — United Press.

#### San Marino And The UNO

Lake Success, July 7.

The United Nations today received a letter from San Marino for information on the correct procedure for applying for membership in the World Organisation.

While the letter is not made public because it was not a formal application for membership, Secretariat sources revealed that the letter was sent to Secretary-General Lie and signed by the Minister of San Marino.

The tiny Republic of San Marino is situated in the Apennines, surrounded by Italy, which has already applied for United Nations membership.

Although its total area is only 38 square miles and its population about 14,000, San Marino boasts full independence and sovereignty and claims to be the oldest state in Europe, dating from the fourth century. — Central News.

#### AIR FREIGHT RECORD

London, July 8.

A Halton aircraft left London airport for Calcutta on Monday carrying a ship's 5-ton propeller shaft—the biggest freighting task ever undertaken by a plane, according to Lancashire Aircraft Corporation experts.

They supervised the loading of the propeller brought from Sunderland by road.

The plane will make five stops en route to Calcutta where the steamship "Phoenia" is waiting for it. — Associated Press.

#### SUICIDE BID

Hamburg, July 7.

A former SS officer, Waldemar Klingelhoefer, ripped his wrist open with a safety pin in the Nuremberg prison yesterday, where he has been awaiting trial. It was announced today, according to the German News Service in the British Zone.

Another prisoner, intervened and Klingelhoefer is said to be out of danger. — Reuter.

#### U.S. Trustee Of Pacific Islands

Washington, July 8.

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee on Monday unanimously approved a joint resolution accepting United States trusteeship for Marshall and Caroline Islands wrested from Japan in the Pacific War.

Acceptance of the agreement with the United Nations Security Council was recommended by President Truman last Thursday.

Committee Chairman Arthur Vandenberg said approval also was recommended by Secretary of State Marshall, Secretary of War Patterson, General Eisenhower, Army Chief of Staff, and Admiral Nimitz, Chief of Naval Operations.

The Michigan Republican added that passage of the resolution is on the "Must" list before adjournment of Congress.

The three islands will be known as "the Territory of the Pacific Islands." They were under Japanese mandate before the war.

The trusteeship was approved unanimously by the Security Council on April 2. The agreement involves some 18 islands with a total area of 846 square miles and 48,297 inhabitants.

The area includes the former Japanese bastion of Truk, Saipan and Tinian, important waypoints on the road to Tokyo, and Wotje. — Associated Press.

#### Truman's Plea For Europe's D.P.s.

Washington, July 7.

President Truman today urged Congress to act as speedily as possible on legislation to admit a "substantial number" of Europe's displaced persons into the United States.

He did not give any figures nor did he specifically support any of the various immigration bills which are now making little or no progress in Congress. He insisted, however, that "it is unthinkable that these people should be left indefinitely in a camp in Europe."

"We cannot turn them out of Germany into a community of the very people who had persecuted them," Mr. Truman said. "Moreover, Germany's economy is so devastated by war and so badly overcrowded with the return of people of German origin from neighbouring countries that it is approaching an economic suffocation which, in itself, is one of our major problems."

"Turning these displaced persons into such chaos would be disastrous for them and could seriously aggravate our problems there."

"This Government has been firm in resisting any proposal to send these people back to their former homes by force, when it is evident that their willingness to return is based on political considerations or fear of persecution."

**Plain Duty**  
"Already certain countries of Western Europe and Latin America have opened their doors to substantial numbers of them. Plans for making homes for more of them in other countries are under consideration. But our plain duty requires that we join other nations in solving this tragic problem."

President Truman pointed out that the present statutory immigration quotas were inadequate and that special legislation was needed.

"I wish to emphasize that there is no proposal for a general revision of our immigration policy as now enunciated," he said.

"There is no proposal to waive or lower our present prescribed standards for testing the fitness for admission of every immigrant." — Reuter.

#### NEW AT-BOMB EXPERIMENT

Paris, July 7.

The Paris newspaper "L'Intransigeant" said tonight that it had learned from "political and military circles" that a new atomic bomb experiment had recently been conducted in New Mexico.

The paper said a bomb of the latest model blew a hole in the earth 900 metres deep and 16 kilometres in diameter and completely destroyed buildings of various types which the United States Army had erected for the experiment. — United Press.

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"I wish to emphasize that there is no proposal for a general revision of our immigration policy as now enunciated," he said.

"There is no proposal to waive or lower our present prescribed standards for testing the fitness for admission of every immigrant." — Reuter.

#### MASTER PLAN FOR WORLD

New York, July 8.

A master plan by which the United States with its technical "know-how" and financial resources can wipe out poverty and misery in China, India and the Near East, thus increasing the well-being of the whole world, is proposed by Willard R. Espy, American businessman on the staff of the "Readers' Digest."

Writing in the "Atlantic Monthly," Espy contends the master problem of the world today is not Russia nor atomic energy but the "dragging poverty" of the teeming millions of the people in China, India and the Near East.

Espy says these people's poverty and misery are not only a drag on all other peoples' progress but also a "standing invitation to xenophobia, to social unrest, to fratricide and quarrels, to outside intervention and ultimately, perhaps, to annihilation by the atom and germ of the East and West alike."

To meet this situation, Espy proposes the United States spend US\$100,000,000 a year on engineering projects in China, India and Palestine to help increase the world's irrigated areas by one-sixth and add to the world's electric energy an amount equal to all hydroelectric power produced in the United States.

**Good Business**  
Pointing out that the United States spent US\$330,000,000,000 in World War II Espy says the United States can well afford to finance the proposed plan which will not only relieve the misery of two-thirds of the world's people but also provide an excellent stimulus for American business.

Espy reviews the numerous proposals for the development of China, India and Palestine—such as the Yangtze Dam project and the Five-Year Industrial Programme for China drafted by Alex Taud, wartime Chief Engineer of the U.S. Foreign Administration.

He says that considered separately these proposals are excellent enough, but if combined into one master plan, they could become a lever that can lift the world. Admitting that the challenge is great, Espy said the United States, as the only country that has technical "know-how" and financial and material resources to operate the plan, must face it squarely. — Central News.

#### CEYLON MOVING TOWARDS DOMINIONHOOD

London, July 7.

Sir Henry Monck Mason Moore, Governor of Ceylon, and Lady Moore, arrived at London Airport from Colombo today.

A spokesman said that a full statement will be issued tomorrow. All that could be said at the moment was that Sir Henry was here to discuss the constitutional advance of Ceylon.

The Governor was met at the airport by Sir Oliver Goonetilleke, Financial Secretary to the Government of Ceylon, and Mr. W. V. Hutton, London editor of "The Times of Ceylon."

Sir Henry told Reuters: "I have come over for preliminary talks in connection with the constitutional advance of Ceylon, so that we can go ahead as quickly as possible."

"I shall be seeing Mr. Creech Jones, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, tomorrow."

Sir Henry said that his visit was a hurried one, and he was planning to return to Ceylon within two or three weeks.

Mr. Creech Jones said in the House of Commons last month that Ceylon would have Dominion status "within a comparatively short time." — Reuter.

#### POLISH WIVES FOR BRITAIN

London, July 7.

The Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Christopher Mayhew, announced in the House of Commons today that permission had been granted for the relatives of members of the Polish resettlement corps in Britain to come to Britain from India, East Africa and the Middle East.

Mr. Mayhew estimated that there were 780 wives and 1,240 children of members of the resettlement corps in India, 5,000 wives and children in East Africa and 2,100 wives and 2,000 children in the Middle East. — Reuter.

London, July 7.  
An Anglo-French cultural agreement will shortly be signed in London, similar to those that France has signed with Belgium and Czechoslovakia. It was authoritatively stated today. The agreement will provide for the interchange of students, professors, research workers, as well as books, art exhibitions, dramatic performances and concerts. — Reuter.



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To Feel Young,  
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Be Young

THE BRITISH GLANDULAR PRODUCTS LTD., LONDON,  
(The original Gland firm established 1929)

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"TESTRONES" Brand Tablets (for MEN)  
"OVERONES" Brand Tablets (for WOMEN)  
"VIRULES" Brand Tablets—Extra strong

These GLAND PREPARATIONS (Male and Female) are offered to the public not to trespass in the domain of the Physician, but as a means for the clear-thinking individual to keep the body in a condition of fitness which is necessary to carry out ones daily duties efficiently, and to obtain maximum results both in business life and elsewhere. They are not experimental, but have borne the test of time and irrefutable testimony is available as to their efficiency.

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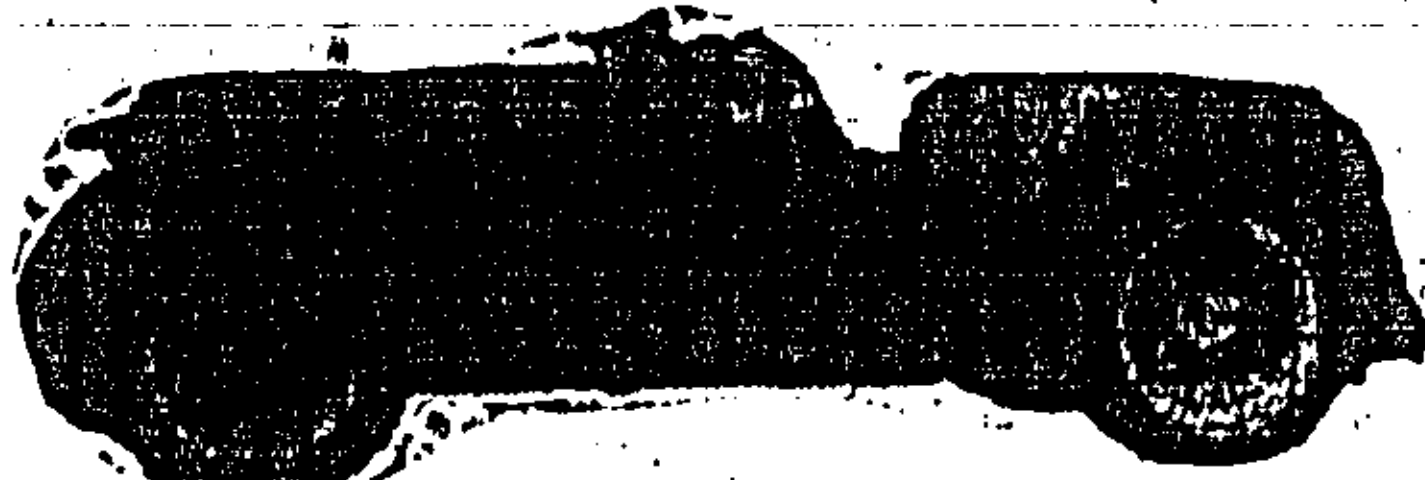


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Improvement of This Year's M.G. — 2-seater body — 4" wider seats — Increased in size. More riding comfort — Smarter appearance.

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Queen's Bldg., Tel. 32302 Russel St., Tel. 32303



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Replies are awaiting at our  
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273, 274, 278, 293, 293, 299,  
299, 306.

### TO LET

TO transients only: large airy  
rooms with bath. No. 21 Hankow  
Road, Kowloon. Near the Ferry.

### FOR SALE

UNDERWOOD PORTABLE:  
\$1501 Remington Portable—\$175.  
Office Typewriter—\$551. Phone  
67087 for appointment or come  
280, top, Prince Edward. (7-830  
p.m.)

ALSATIAN PUPPIES, male and  
female, beautiful, strong  
and healthy, two months old, ex-  
cellent pedigree. Miss G. L. An-  
derson, Karlsruhe Alsatian Ken-  
nels, 72 Hesse Street, Queenscliff,  
Victoria, Australia.

### WANTED KNOWN

"KVIKLI" Paint Brushes.  
Genuine Danish made, flat and  
round, artists brushes and paint  
brushes of every kind are offered  
at competitive prices. Outstand-  
ing quality. Quick delivery.  
Write for samples and prices.  
CH. KNATHING, Copenhagen  
Bro-shed, DENMARK.

### H. Q. LAND FORCES. NOTICE

#### TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF MILITARY LABOUR.

Tenders are invited for the  
supply of labour to military  
units and installations in Hong  
Kong and Kowloon (including  
the Shamshuipo area) and the  
New Territories for the period  
1st August 1947 to 31st Janu-  
ary 1948 to the following es-  
timated daily requirements:  
Coolie foreman and

No. 1 coolies — 40  
Coolies (Heavy weight) — 150  
Coolies (Light weight) — 500  
Coolies (Female) — 200

Tender forms may be obtain-  
ed on application from "Q"  
Branch H.Q. Land Forces.  
These forms should be com-  
pleted in duplicate and forward-  
ed under sealed cover, clearly  
marked "Tender for the supply  
of military labour" to reach  
H.Q. Land Forces not later  
than noon on FRIDAY, 18 July  
1947.

Separate tenders may be ac-  
cepted for the supply of labour  
in Hong Kong or Kowloon and  
the New Territories only.

This H.Q. does not bind it-  
self to accept the lowest or any  
tender.

### LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors  
and Appraisers.  
Pedder Building  
Telephone No. 20224.

### PUBLIC AUCTION

The undersigned have received  
instructions to sell by Public  
Auction on

Friday, the 11th July 1947,  
commencing at 2.30 P.M.

at their Sales Rooms No. 35  
Hankow Road Kowloon.

A FINE COLLECTION OF  
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD  
FURNITURE

comprising:—  
Carved Camphorwood Chests,  
Carved Teak Opium Stools,  
Blankets, Mosquito Nets, Elec-  
tric Oscillating Table Fans,  
Lawn Mower, Bird Cage, Ward-  
robes with Mirrors, Dressing  
Tables With Stools, Bed Side  
Cabinets, Double & Single  
Bedsteads With Box-  
spring Mattresses, Chester-  
field Suites, Writing  
Tables, Silver Cabinets, Exten-  
sion Dining Tables, Chairs,  
Sideboards, Small Side Tables,  
Set of Tea Pots, Show Case,  
Low Boy, Typist Tables, Kitchen  
Cupboards, Folding  
Armchairs, Single Divans and  
Rugs, Etc., Etc.

Also  
1 Calculating Machine  
1 Remington Typewriter 18"  
1 Philips Radio Set 7 Tubes—  
All Wave  
1 Moffat Electric Stove  
8 Indian Carpets  
1 Dressing Set in Case  
1 Large Westinghouse Refrig-  
erator

On View from Thursday, the  
10th July 1947.

Terms: As Customary  
LAMMERT BROS.,  
Auctioneers.

BY ORDER  
OF THE DIRECTOR OF DISPOSALS  
FAR EASTERN AREA  
(M.O.S.)

### THE BRITISH STORES DISPOSAL BOARD (HONG KONG) is authorised to receive TENDERS for the following MOTOR LORRIES AND TRAILERS:—

LOCATED AT VEHICLE PARK AT H.M.S. "FLYCATHER,"  
KOWLOON

Lot No. 1. 10 Ton Towing Motor Lorry A.E.C. 140 H.P.  
Diesel Engine No. 41740.  
Lot No. 2. 10 Ton Towing Motor Lorry A.E.C. 140 H.P.  
Diesel Engine No. 41741.  
Lot No. 3. 10 Ton Towing Motor Lorry A.E.C. 140 H.P.  
Diesel Engine No. 44301.

LOCATED AT NAVAL STORES SECTION, TAIKOO SUGAR  
REFINERY, TAIKOO, HONG KONG  
(Enquiries to be made to Mr. Lee, Naval Stores Officer)

Lot No. 4. (1 Trailer No. 127281  
(1 " " 127303  
(1 " " 45487  
Lot No. 5. (1 Trailer No. 127304  
(1 " " 127292  
(1 " " 127297  
Lot No. 6. (1 Trailer No. 45521  
(1 " " 45513  
(1 " " 31317

2. No warranty is given in any way as to condition etc.,  
and lots will be bought as they lie.

3. Hours of inspection:—Mondays to Fridays inclusive  
from 9.30 a.m. to 12 noon.

4. Applicants for Tender Forms are required to deposit  
\$100.00 with this Board at the time of applying here for the  
Tender Form. This sum may be reckoned as part of the 10%  
deposit required to be remitted with any tender (see last para-  
graph of page 1 of Tender Form).

5. The \$100.00 deposits made by Contractors not eventual-  
ly desiring to tender will be returnable against receipt in the  
Board's Offices of the original Tender Form issued.

6. Closing date for tenders:—12 noon Friday 11th July  
1947.

7. The Chairman of the British Stores Disposal Board  
(Hong Kong) does not bind himself to accept the highest or  
any tender.

WALTER M. WEINBERGER,  
Chairman,  
BRITISH STORES DISPOSAL BOARD,  
HONG KONG.

### PUBLIC AUCTION

BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTOR OF DISPOSALS FAR  
EASTERN AREA (M. O. S.) Messrs. Lammert Brothers of  
Pedder Building, Hong Kong, have received instructions to  
sell by Auction at their Sales Rooms, Pedder Building—Basement,  
at 10.30 a.m. on Wednesday, the 9th. day of July 1947:—

A LARGE QUANTITY OF  
VALUABLE SURPLUS AND MISCELLANEOUS STORES.

comprising:—

LOCATED AT ENGINEERS STORES BASE DEPOT,  
CHATHAM ROAD, KOWLOON

Ships Binnacle, Ships Telegraph, Pumping Parts,  
Water Fittings, Assortment of Ironmongery,  
Hand Generators, Electric Bells, Motor Parts,  
Batteries, Surface Box, Loudspeaker, Trans-  
formers, Switches, Electric Cable, Rubber Belting,  
Scrub Brushes, Suction Floats, Mixing Tanks,  
Insulators, Bleaching Powder, Tallow, Paint,  
Distemper, Ice Boxes, Scrap Iron, Drain Fittings  
and Oils etc.

LOCATED AT R.A.F. 393 EQUIPMENT PARK, MATAU-  
KOK ROAD, KOWLOON

Rubber Leggings and Goggles, Heavy Jerseys,  
Puttees, Bootlaces, Braces, Cap Comforters,  
Collars, Neck Squares, Hose Tops, Shirts, Belts,  
Drain Plugs, Kuns Ravi Plug, Ravi Plug Sets,  
Wrenches, Stone Ballast Forks, Rakes, Shovels,  
Gir. Wheels, Plumber Dressers, Boasting Stocks,  
Turfing Irons, Slashers, Iron Channels, Spades,  
Pulley Blocks, Benders Spring, Boxwood Bobbins  
and Turn Pins, Tongs, Pick Handles and Heads,  
Brass Bushes, Stock Handles, Shackles etc.

LOCATED AT "K" GODOWN OF THE HONG KONG &  
KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.,  
KOWLOON

Asbestos Blankets, Asbestos Gloves, Asbestos  
Hoods, Asbestos Face Protectors, Breathing  
Apparatus, Electric Lamps, Switches, Torches,  
Firewood, Non-Ferrous Metal, Lead Piping and  
Scrap Iron and Steel.

LOCATED AT H.M. DOCKYARD, HONG KONG

Steel Old Tool, Old Canvas and Binnacles

LOCATED AT "B" 2 RAW SUGAR GODOWN, TAIKOO  
SUGAR REFINERY, QUARRY BAY

Refrigerating Machinery

LOCATED AT ROYAL ARMY ORDNANCE CORPS DE-  
POT, SHAMSHUPO

Wrought Iron Beds

Permits to view, Catalogues Special Conditions of Sale etc.  
may be obtained from Messrs. Lammert Brothers.

Inspection of Stores at Engineers Stores Base Depot,  
Chatham Road, Kowloon, "K" Godown of The Hong Kong &  
Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, H.M. Dockyard,  
Hong Kong, "B" 2 Raw Sugar Godown, Taikoo Sugar Re-  
finery, Quarry Bay and Royal Army Ordnance Corps Depot,  
Shamshuipo can be made between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and  
12 noon and between the hours of 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. on the 7th  
and 8th July 1947.

Inspection of Stores at R. A. F. — 393 Equipment Park,  
Mataukok Road, Kowloon can be made between the hours of  
9.30 a.m. and 12 noon on the 7th. and 8th. July 1947.

TERMS: 50% of the Purchase Money to be paid on the  
Fall of the Hammer and the Balance to be  
paid on Thursday, the 10th July 1947.

WALTER M. WEINBERGER,  
CHAIRMAN  
BRITISH STORES DISPOSAL BOARD  
(HONG KONG)

### NOTICE

#### VOLUNTEER FURTHER EDUCATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE

The above Committee has  
been appointed by Government  
to advise on the provision of  
further education for those  
members and ex-members of  
the Hong Kong Royal Naval  
Volunteer Reserve and Hong  
Kong Volunteer Defence Corps  
whose University studies were  
interrupted by the Far East.  
The scheme which the Commit-  
tee has now under consideration  
is primarily for locally domicil-  
ied persons, and is intended to  
provide facilities at Hong Kong  
and neighbouring Universities  
only.

As many applications already  
received do not provide the  
Committee with sufficiently de-  
tailed information, it has been  
decided that all previous ap-  
plications for assistance should  
be resubmitted in a fuller form,  
and for this purpose, printed  
application forms can be obtain-  
ed from Headquarters, the  
Hong Kong Royal Naval Volun-  
teer Reserve and the Hong  
Kong Volunteer Defence Corps,  
2 Garden Road, Hong Kong, be-  
tween the hours of 9.00 a.m.  
and 5 p.m. daily, excluding  
Sundays and Holidays. These  
forms should be completed im-  
mediately and sent to the Secre-  
tary of this Committee.

In order that every eligible  
person may be adequately ad-  
vised of this new procedure, the  
Committee would welcome the  
assistance of relations and  
friends of eligible persons who  
are no longer in the Colony, in  
bringing to notice the revised  
procedure and by sending to  
these persons copies of the ap-  
plication form.

It will be noted that all state-  
ments of the amount of money  
sought must be supported by a  
letter from the Registrar or  
Secretary of the University or  
College concerned to the effect  
that such amounts represent a  
fair estimate of all necessary  
expenses entailed in the intend-  
ed course of study. The ap-  
plicant must provide a letter  
from the said Registrar or  
Secretary indicating that the  
applicant has been or will be  
accepted for entry to his in-  
tended course on a given date,  
and must also furnish a medical  
certificate stating that he is fit  
to undertake the course.

N. GARLAND,  
Secretary.

#### VOLUNTEER FURTHER EDUCATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Harbour Department,  
Hong Kong,  
7th July, 1947.

### GOVERNMENT NOTICE

Persons resident in the Co-  
lony of Hong Kong who are  
the Owners of the classes of  
property enumerated below are  
invited to address an enquiry  
as soon as possible, to the Co-  
lonial Secretary, asking for  
information as to the procedure  
to be followed in negotiating  
claims for compensation.

- Property nationalised by the Governments of Poland, Czechoslovakia, and Yugo-Slavia.
- Property which suffered loss or damage owing to war operations in Poland.
- Shares in the Rumanian National Bank.

COLONIAL SECRETARY,  
Hongkong, 8th July, 1947.

### PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

It is hereby notified that the following Sale of Crown Land by  
Public Auction will be held at the Offices of the Public Works  
Department on Monday, the 14th day of July, 1947, at 3 p.m.

Sale Conditions may be obtained and sale plan inspected at  
the Office of the Superintendent of Crown Lands and Surveys,  
Lower Albert Road, Hong Kong.

#### PARTICULARS OF THE LOT

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Location	Boundaries	Area in sq. ft.	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	Inland Lot No. 4808	Yik Yam Street, Wong Nei Chung	As per sale plan (Area coloured red)	2,800 (about)	\$120	\$18,000

Immediately after the fall of the hammer, the purchaser shall  
according to the Conditions of Sale pay to the Auctioneer a sum  
of \$2,000.00 in cash or by cheque which shall be certified by the  
Bank on which it is drawn. The Bank must be a member of the  
Exchange Banks Association.

V. KENIFF,  
Director of Public Works.

Hong Kong, 4th July, 1947.

## UNO "QUESTION AND ANSWER" SESSION ON PALESTINE

Jerusalem, July 7.

Sharp exchanges took place between the Indian  
delegate, Sir Abdur Rahman, and Mr. Ben  
Gurion, Chairman of the Jewish Agency, when  
the United Nations Special Committee on  
Palestine held its first "question and answer"  
session here today.

Sir Abdur, who was sitting next to the Jewish  
leader, plunged straight to the question for  
which most observers here had waited.

"Do you expect the United Nations to impose a solution  
favourable to you by force of  
arms?" he asked.

"The arms are here. They  
have already been used against  
the Jews," Mr. Gurion replied.

Sir Abdur then asked Mr.  
Gurion if he realised that the  
imposition of a solution to the  
Palestine problem favourable to  
the Jews would mean a bloody  
war between Arabs and Jews.

When Mr. Gurion replied "I  
cannot presume to know the  
Arab reaction," Sir Abdur Rah-  
man pressed for a direct an-  
swer, and observed: "Come,  
Mr. Ben Gurion, we shall be  
here two months if you give  
these answers."

Mr. Emil Sandstrom, Chair-  
man of the Committee, rapped  
the table several times when  
both Sir Abdur and Mr. Gurion  
raised their voices in heated de-  
bate.

Sir Abdur questioned the  
Jewish leader on his definition  
of a "national home," and pro-  
duced Jeffrey's International  
Law containing two drafts of  
the Balfour Declaration in an  
attempt to refute Mr. Gurion's  
answers.

### World War I

Delving back into the history  
of World War I, Sir Abdur asked  
Mr. Gurion if Jews fought  
for Germany against Britain.  
Mr. Gurion indicated Mr.  
Moshe Sherok, head of the  
Agency's department in Wash-  
ington, who was sitting at his  
elbow, and said:

"My colleague here fought  
with the Turkish Army against  
the Allies, and I fought for Brit-  
ain."

Mr. Sandstrom asked the  
Jewish Agency leader: "What  
are the relations between the  
Jewish Agency and the Hagannah  
(the Jewish illegal defence or-  
ganisation)?"

Mr. Gurion: "The relations  
between the Jewish Agency and  
the Jewish people."

Mr. Sandstrom: "Is Hagannah  
armed?"

Laughter rippled through the  
hall when Mr. Ben Gurion re-  
plied "I hope so."

Referring to Jewish-Arab re-  
lations, Mr. Gurion said: "We  
used each other. We need  
what they have got; and they  
need what we have got." He  
then reiterated his demand for  
a Jewish state with a Jewish  
majority.

### No "Intervention"

After today's question and  
answer session, the Committee,  
at a private session, decided to  
take no action on the numerous  
requests received by letter and  
telegram for intervention to ob-  
tain immigration certificates  
for the liberation of Jews now  
detained under Palestine's de-  
fence emergency regulations.

Meanwhile, reports from Lon-  
don indicate that Britain's at-  
titude towards the report of the  
United Nations Special Com-

### THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

On Monday 7th instant the  
Stables and Veterinary Sur-  
geon's telephone number will be  
changed to 31101.

S. A. SLEAP,  
Actg. Secretary.

### COLORADO BEETLE

London, July 7.  
The Government's drastic  
measures to stamp out the  
Colorado beetle from the  
domestic potato crop have  
proved fully effective, Mr.  
Tom Williams, Minister of  
Agriculture, announced in the  
House of Commons today.  
The situation is under  
control, he said. He added  
that it is believed that the  
infestation cases originated  
from Europe.—Reuter.

grounds of Arab non-coopera-  
tion.

The report would be submit-  
ted to the General Assembly of  
the United Nations and not to  
the British Government, he ad-  
ded.—Reuter.

## RAF Bombers To Visit America

London, July 7.

A complete bomber  
squadron of 16 "Lin-  
colns" of the Royal Air  
Force will leave England  
this month and fly the  
Atlantic non-stop to  
Newfoundland on a visit  
to the United States and  
Canada.

The flight will be the first  
leg of a training and goodwill  
mission, during which the  
squadron will take part in a  
mass fly-past over the sky-  
scraper of New York on  
American Air Force Day—  
August 1.

Later the squadron will visit  
Detroit, Sallina, Sacramento,  
Los Angeles, Fort Worth, and  
Montgomery (Alabama).  
During their week in Canada,  
the squadron will take part in  
a Dominion exhibition at  
Toronto.

Last year, a Royal Air Force  
goodwill mission of 16 giant  
"Lancaster" bombers received a  
royal welcome in all parts of  
the United States. On that  
occasion the planes took part in  
a grand fly-past in Los Angeles  
on American Air Force Day.  
The "Lancasters," unlike this  
year's flight, stopped off at the  
Azores on their way to New-  
foundland.—Reuter.

### TIMBER FOR BRITAIN

Hamburg, July 7.

Britain will get an increase  
of 30,000 tons of timber beyond  
her original quota of 20,000  
tons for July from the United  
States Zone of Germany, it was  
officially announced.

It is also announced, by the  
German Federation of the motor  
industry, that the produc-  
tion of motor vehicles has drop-  
ped to a most to a standstill in  
the British Zone of Germany.  
Figures announced showed that  
during the first half of 1947,  
only 6,535 vehicles were built  
against 10,283 for the first  
half of 1946.—Reuter.

### Nicosia, July 7.

The 24-hour hunger strike of  
11,000 illegal immigrants into  
Palestine at present detained in  
this Cyprus town, was strictly  
observed today. Children took  
part. The strike is a protest  
against the conditions in the  
camps.—Reuter.

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# TIME

THE WEEKLY NEWSMAGAZINE

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WINDSOR HOUSE

# AMENDMENT TO MOTION Criticism Of Housing Policy Toning Down The Motion

An amendment to the motion moved at last week's meeting of the Legislative Council, in which Government was criticised over its handling of Hong Kong's housing problem, will be moved by the Colonial Secretary at tomorrow's Council meeting.

Basically, the amendment will have the effect of removing from the motion the criticism of Government implied in its terms. It thus becomes merely a mild expression of opinion as to general principles.

In simple terms, the Government amendment to the motion will be on the following lines:—  
Mr. D. F. Landale proposed, Mr. M. K. Lo seconded, and the minority group of Unofficial Members supported, the following motion:—

"That this Council notes with grave concern and disappointment from the Hon. the Colonial Secretary's statement on 19th June, 1947, the lack of progress in solving the housing problem after nearly two years of the British re-occupation, and is of the opinion that:—

(1) Government should regard the solution of this question as one of the utmost urgency.

(2) Government should, without delay, plan and vigorously pursue a policy of rapid and extensive building, both domestic and office, for its own use, and

(3) Government, in addition to fostering and, if necessary, financing, building schemes for civilian use, should actively encourage private building to the utmost extent possible and, with this end in view, remove all unnecessary Government impediments to private enterprise, and in particular modify its present unfair and repressive policy in regard to the renewal of 75-years Crown Leases."

### The Amendment

Tomorrow, the Colonial Secretary will move the following amendment:—



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BOOTS AND HER BUDDIES

In the Groove



## Mortuary Licences Refused

Four applications for private mortuary licences, three for food-shop licences and one for an eating house licence were rejected by the Urban Council at a meeting yesterday.

Applicants for mortuary licences were Messrs. Joseph S. Lee and Company; John Anderson and Company; Morrison Funeral Home; and Fook Sau The Urban Council Chairman, Dr. J. P. Fenly, said that the Select Committee had recommended rejection of the applications because the premises were unsatisfactory, as they were tenement buildings.

The Council accepted the Select Committee's recommendation for additional area in Shamshuipo district of dangerous and offensive trades. The area is bounded on the north by Wing Hong Street, on the west by Kam Tau Street, on the south by the harbour, on the south-east by King Wah Street and on the north-east by Castle Peak Road.

Those who attended yesterday's meeting were Dr. J. P. Fenly (Chairman), Dr. K. C. Yeo (Vice-Chairman), Mr. D. W. Macintosh (Police Commissioner), Messrs. A. el Arculli, Lo Man-wai, Ngan Sing-kwan, Dr. A. M. Rodrigues, Mr. W. F. Simmons and Mr. R. W. H. Maynard (Secretary).

## SOLICITOR INDISPOSED

Due to the indisposition of Mr. Marcus da Silva, who is acting as prosecutor in the case, hearing of the charges of demanding with menaces \$500 from Tsoi Lau on March 14, attempting to obtain a bribe from Tsoi and Lo Tung at the Shanghai Teahouse on March 16 against Chan Fu-lam, Chinese detective, was formally adjourned for one week by Mr. Latimer yesterday.

Defendant, who is represented by Mr. C. S. Hugh-Jones, is on bail of \$2,500 cash and \$7,500 surety. Inspector W. N. Darkin is watching the case on behalf of the Police.

## "Known Bad Hat" Sentenced

The long arm of the law reached across to the Shamshuipo district from Central on June 25 when SI Lau Kam-kong raided 67 Fuk Wah Street, first floor, on information received from a man he arrested at the General Post Office for stealing a postal parcel at noon that day.

Nothing was found in the rear cubicle. Among the inmates, however, was Chan Kwong, 26, attendant employed at the Pelho Theatre. In his possession was a spring clasp knife, the blade of which sprang out on a catch being pressed.

The sequel was the appearance of Chan before Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday on a charge of possession of arms. On being asked to plead, defendant admitted he had the knife but that he did not know it was considered "arms."

"Neither did I," said His Worship whether it could be so classified. The prosecuting officer stated that he had received instructions to proceed with the charge as it stood but to inform His Worship that if he so preferred he could reduce the charge to one of possession of an instrument fit for an unlawful purpose.

Mr. Blair-Kerr: "I think it is better."

In outlining the facts of the case, SI Howarth said that when told by SI Lau Kam-kong that he would be arrested, accused replied "I use it for self-protection." At the Station, defendant said he was employed at the Pelho Theatre as an attendant and that he used the knife

Accused was known by the Shamshuipo C.I.D. as a bad character and had three previous convictions before the war. In 1937 he was sentenced to six weeks' hard labour; in 1938, to three months and 12 strokes; and, in 1939, to six months and 24 strokes.

"Since the last sentence I have turned over a new leaf and have been constantly employed," interposed defendant. "I have been working for the Pelho Theatre even during the Occupation."

"But in your statement to the Police you said that you were a hawk in the Western district during the Occupation," said His Worship.

"That is correct," replied the accused. "I was also receiving wages from the Theatre when I was a hawk."

SI Howarth declared that Chan's character was "not of the best" and that it was possible that he might have made enemies in his district. It was conceivable that he was carrying the knife for his own protection.

Accused was fined \$100. The knife was confiscated.

## Laichikok Murder Case

Further evidence was taken at the trial of Nu Wei-chun, a watchman at the Standard Oil Co. installation at Laichikok, who is charged with the murder of a fellow watchman at the installation on May 3.

The case is being heard at the Supreme Court by the Chief Justice Sir Henry Blackall. Accused is alleged to have killed Ni Tsun-sang by shooting him following a quarrel earlier in the day.

At yesterday's hearing, Tau Kam-hung said that together with accused he had been reprimanded by the Superintendent for not obeying the orders of the No. 1 watchman, the deceased, in connection with drinking and gambling. He also stated that accused had a bad temper and would raise his voice at any provocation.

Witness said that at 10 p.m. on May 3 he was relieved by deceased and went straight to bed. In bed, he heard a noise and on looking out saw accused, picking up a board and placing it back on the wall of the compound. He also saw deceased standing near the compound; deceased was carrying a torch and the time clock which had been handed over by witness. He had no rifle of the time.

Ten minutes after he had gone to bed he heard a shot and later another shot. Outside he saw accused struggling with deceased's wife. He had a rifle.

Chan Yi-kin said that he was on duty when accused came to him and asked for his rifle. He obeyed and gave him the rifle. He walked away and a short time later heard a shot. He saw deceased running, with accused running after him.

He went towards accused and was told not to come near lest he be shot. He went for help and returned later and obtained possession of his rifle. When he drew the bolt, an empty cartridge was ejected. In the magazine there were only three rounds. When he handed the rifle there were five.

The case is continuing this morning.

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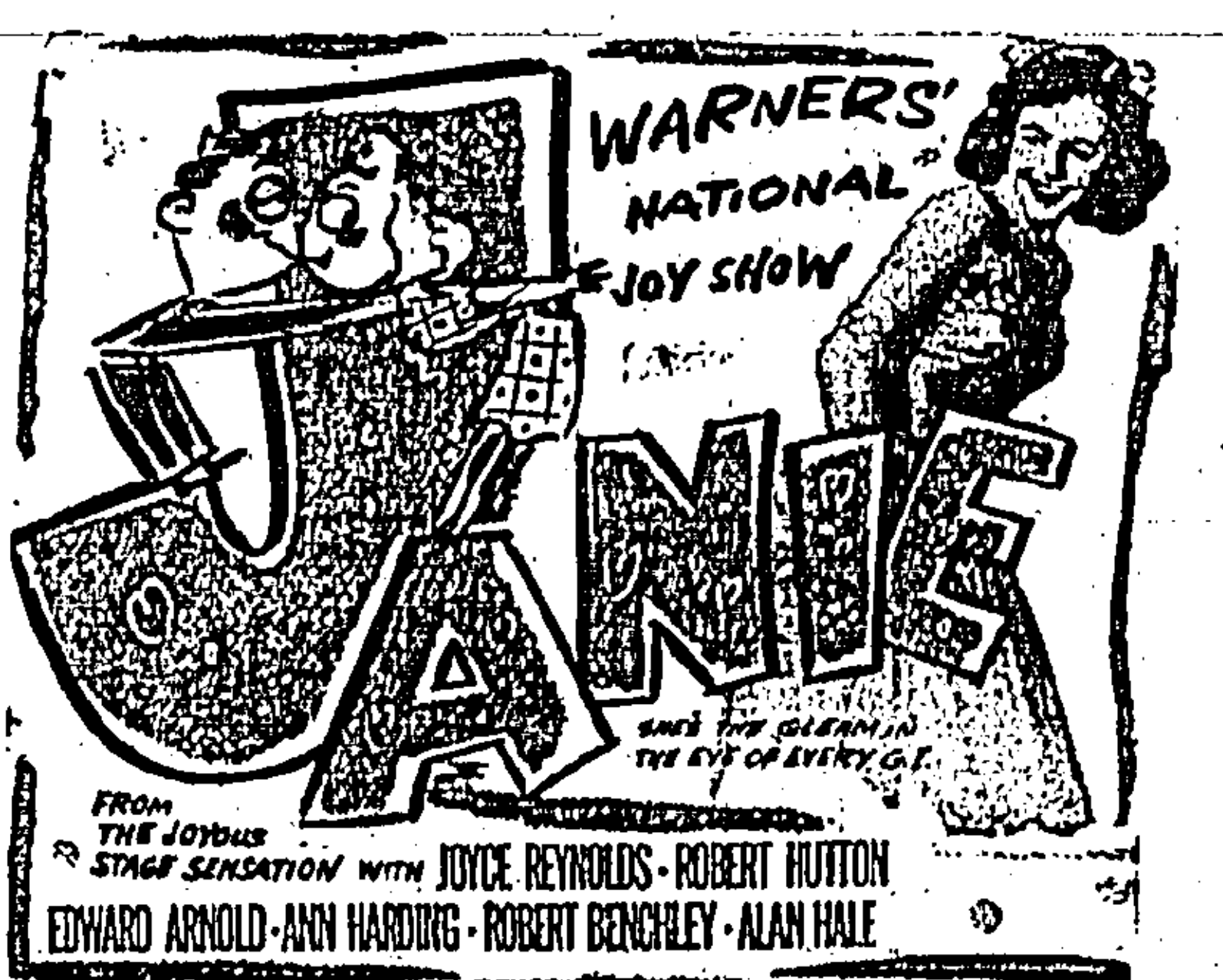


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## CRUCIAL TEST

Discussion has begun in the Security Council concerning the disturbances which for many months past have afflicted the Northern frontier areas of Greece. There is involved not merely the elimination of a grave threat to peace, but the prestige and authority of the Council itself, for here is a clear-cut test of its competence to fulfill one of the main purposes for which it exists. The facts are not in dispute, except by Russia and her satellites. At the end of June, the Commission sent out by the Security Council in January to investigate on the spot delivered its reports. Of the eleven members, nine, the Russian and Polish alone dissenting, reported that Yugoslavia maintained camps for training refugees in guerrilla warfare supplied them with arms, and aided and abetted them in crossing the Greek border. Bulgaria and Albania also assisted the refugees, but afforded no training facilities. Despite Russian and Polish professions of incredulity, the facts are too well attested by independent inquiries to be susceptible of any doubt. Yugoslavia and Bulgaria have also exposed themselves to suspicion by their obstructive attitude towards the sub-Commission left behind by the main Commission to keep watch on the frontier. They are willing instruments in fomenting trouble against the one Balkan country still outside the orbit of the "Eastern bloc." Both want to see her disrupted in order to gratify their territorial ambitions. The American delegates at the Security Council meeting openly charged them with violating the United Nations Charter, and Mr. Bevin said, in the recent foreign affairs debate in the House of Commons, that "if the tip were given—if only the tip were given—then Greece could settle down and carry out her own political settlement without interference." The quarter from which the tip is required is too manifest to need specification. There is plenty of evidence to justify the Council in peremptorily instructing Greece's Northern neighbours to cease further interference, and if necessary to impose compliance. Such action, however, is improbable, since it would inevitably come up against the veto. An American proposal is before the Council to set up a permanent frontier Commission for two years. Russia has already signified her opposition to this idea on the ground that it would mean an unwarrantable encroachment on Yugoslav and Bulgarian sovereignty. Such a view will not bear examination. It may be that Russia will not push her opposition to the point of veto, and the Commission would be of some value in keeping the facts before the Council and the world. At the same time it must be acknowledged that this trouble has already gone on long enough and that what is really needed is not more fact-finding but positive action to enforce the peace.

Consequently the city's hotels are once more filled with delegates. Not, it is true, the Brindas, the Titulescus, or the Cecils of the League of Nations days. The type of delegates attracted by the work being done at Geneva now is drawn more from the School of Economics and the Boards of Trade of the world than from the Foreign Offices and Embassies. So far as Geneva is concerned, the hoteliers, and especially their staffs, seem to welcome this influx, and not only from a business point of view; there is an evident pleasure and pride in the preservation of the tradition of Geneva as an international city.

The offices in the splendid League of Nations Palace in the Parc Ariana are once more occupied by international civil servants, many of them recruited in great haste, for Mr. Lie has a constant chicken-and-egg problem—which comes first, the convening of badly needed international conferences, or the recruiting of the staffs required to organize them?

## New Recruits

The Secretary-General of the United Nations has many problems which did not bother his predecessor at the League of Nations, and not the least of his preoccupations is the fact that he is busy recruiting not the first, but the second international civil service. And nowhere is this difficulty more clearly thrown into relief than in Geneva, where the very buildings in which the officials work are steeped in the traditions of the League. In his recruitment for the Geneva conferences Mr. Lie had to throw young and old together, and there is a natural but dangerous tendency for the latter to look back nostalgically on the "good old League days," while the former, clearly rather bewildered by their first incursions into what is a highly developed technique, seem determined that at all costs no old League methods shall blemish the purity of the new United Nations system. The problem exists to some extent at Lake Success; it is more apparent at the former home of the League of Nations, and it will have to be solved on both sides of the Atlantic if the essential machinery for international co-operation is to run smoothly.

## Changed Conditions

It was inevitable that in the immediate post-war years the former members of the League of Nations Secretariat should form the most readily available nucleus of the new international civil service. When the Preparatory Commission and, later, the first General Assembly of the United Nations met in London it was mainly former officials of the League, begged or borrowed from their war-time jobs, who made the machinery work. Many of them went to New York when the United Nations headquarters were established there; but soon conditions at the new site changed. Rapid local recruitment produced a situation in which, at the last General Assembly, there were almost 3,000 members of the Secretariat at Lake Success. Whereas the League of Nations Palace at Geneva was built to be designed for a staff of 800. So it is

went after him. Today he had the impudence to return to the house carrying a complaint, a fan known to be in the box. Defendant denied the charge but was sentenced to six weeks imprisonment.

## Nostalgia At Geneva.

## Emerging Once More As An International Centre

By JOHN SHIPTON

Now that Mr. Trygve Lie has formally announced that the former headquarters of the League of Nations is to be the secondary, but important, role of European Office of the United Nations, Geneva has returned to some extent to its glory of the 'thirties.

## Geneva's Pride

Consequently the city's hotels are once more filled with delegates. Not, it is true, the Brindas, the Titulescus, or the Cecils of the League of Nations days. The type of delegates attracted by the work being done at Geneva now is drawn more from the School of Economics and the Boards of Trade of the world than from the Foreign Offices and Embassies. So far as Geneva is concerned, the hoteliers, and especially their staffs, seem to welcome this influx, and not only from a business point of view; there is an evident pleasure and pride in the preservation of the tradition of Geneva as an international city.

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clear that these former Geneva officials who are with the United Nations must now be in a minority, and a very small minority. Some of them have now returned to Geneva, partly for old-times' sake, partly because they prefer the European way of life, partly because their qualifications are needed there. They are nearly ten years older than when they left there; some of them, through an excess of "looking back," have endowed Geneva and the League with a romance and a glamour that they never possessed; some of them sigh vainly for the good old days. But all of them claim, and with some justice, that if the League of Nations "failed" in anything it certainly did not fail in the technical efficiency of its staff. The League Secretariat evolved techniques of administration and conference organization with which the new methods of Lake Success compare unfavourably.

## Sweeping Clean

So there is disappointment and disillusionment that this experience and knowledge should be discarded, or so it seems, simply for the sake of change; and the situation is not helped by the assiduity with which the newcomers sweep clean, with all the determination appropriate to new brooms. There is nothing more infuriating to the young than the sweet superiority of age and experience, and nothing more aggravating to the old than the ignoring of such hard-won experience by those who follow them.

Senior officials of the United Nations are very conscious of this underlying rivalry, which exists mainly in the middle ranks. They realize that the existence of two schools of thought whose slogans are either "It must be right because it was done this way in the League" or "It must be wrong because it was done that way in the League" can only do harm to the Secretariat; and it is not generally appreciated how much the success of international meetings depends on the efficiency, co-operation, and loyalty of the officials who organize them.

It is expected that the European office will develop mainly, but not entirely, as an outpost of the Economic and Social Council.

## I.L.O.

Where, precisely, the International Labour Organization fits into the picture remains to be seen. The I.L.O., deriving its authority and constitution from Part XIII of the Treaty of Versailles, had a special position vis-a-vis the League of Nations. It is true that the I.L.O. depended on the League for its budget; but in other respects it exercised almost complete autonomy in the sphere of social, industrial, and labour affairs, based on its system of tripartite representation by Governments, employers, and workers. This autonomy enabled the I.L.O. to survive the war and the liquidation of the League of Nations, to emerge as a specialized agency with defined relations with the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations. But there is already discernible an overlapping of functions. The situation is not made easier by the fact that although the main body of the I.L.O. staff is now in Geneva, there remains a considerable staff in Montreal, where the organization had its war-time headquarters, and an office has had to be opened at Lake Success where the liaison necessary between the three points can be maintained.

I.L.O. officials anticipate that, in due course, when the permanent Manhattan quarters of the U.N. are completed, what is now the secretariat of the I.L.O. will be absorbed as a department of social affairs at Lake Success, thus bringing its work into closer relationship with the Economic and Social Council.

## A Future

The new Information Centre of the United Nations has a future which is more clearly to be foreseen, and horizons almost as wide as those of the European centre. Present plans provide for a series of such information centres; one exists now in London, others are provided for in Paris and Copenhagen, and possibly later in Prague. They will all work directly under the Assistant Secretary-General for Information at Lake Success, Mr. Benjamin Cohen.

But for a variety of reasons Geneva will have a special importance. One of these is the transfer of the former League of Nations radio-transmitting station to the United Nations. Although radio listeners throughout the world have been able to hear the proceedings at Lake Success at their fire-sides, these radio transmissions have been over systems made available to the United Nations. On 9th April, to celebrate the creation of the European office, the GENEVA TWO (P. 6) United Nations made its first broadcast over its own transmitters from Geneva.

Control of the only United Nations radio station is one of the reasons for the special importance of the Geneva Information Centre. Another is the fact that, as the European Office of the United Nations Geneva will be the scene of sufficient United Nations activity to make it worth while for newspapers to maintain permanent correspondents there, correspondents specializing in international affairs. This is an important consideration for many European editors. It was one of the arguments against the proposal to establish the Headquarters of the United Nations in the United States that newspapers might find it difficult, indeed impossible, to maintain correspondents across the Atlantic.

## Great Network

The great network of organizations and agencies which help to build up the structure of the rapidly developing United Nations clearly calls for some central information service, not only at the Headquarters of the United Nations, where their functions and purposes are perhaps best understood, but at central points such as Geneva, where to many they are represented by groups of initials to which few can rapidly and accurately attach a name. Most of these organizations have a liaison representative in the Geneva building, and the caller who strays into one corridor finds himself in a bewildering of initialled doors bearing such insignia as U.N.R.R.A., W.H.O., F.A.O., I.C.A.O., I.L.O., I.R.O., E.C.O., U.N.E.S.C.O., and so on. Generally each of these organizations has its own public relations service at its own Headquarters, but the purpose of these services is to explain the achievements of their respective organizations.

## Which First?

Reference was made earlier to the problem of which comes first—the conference or the staff to work it, and here the Secretary-General has met with difficulties which to some extent are peculiar to the immediate post-war years. The official needed for an international civil service must possess many of the qualities which go to make up the finest type of national civil servant to help in the national struggle towards recovery. And, as is natural, many men and women are reluctant to leave their national service until their countries' needs are met. Between the reluctance of Governments to release, and the reluctance of individuals to be released, Mr. Trygve Lie has met with extraordinary difficulties in his search for recruits.

There are other practical difficulties peculiar to the post-war years which are encountered even in a country like Switzerland, which has suffered so little from the impact of war. International conferences need housing not only so that they can meet, but so that they can eat and sleep. The accredited representatives of the United Kingdom Government to the Conference on International Trade and Full Employment, number over 200. Over 200 hotel beds have to be provided for that one delegation alone, and Geneva, like many another city, is short of hotel and other accommodation. The International Red Cross, which expanded greatly during the war to handle the tremendous problems of a world war took over several Geneva hotels, and although these, or most of them, have now been released they are not yet fit for occupation. Then during the Occupation many French families came over the frontier, took apartments in Geneva, and so far show little sign of returning to their native land. The consequence of this is felt mainly by the members of the Secretariat, who are faced with the impossibility of finding homes for themselves and their families; but the hotel situation has confronted

## CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner



"Come on, Harklmer! How in the world will we ever get to Aunt Martha's if you keep stopping every few miles to look at the countryside?"

## BARCLAY ON BRIDGE

By Shepard Barclay

"The Authority on Authorities"

## MAKE 'EM GUESS WRONG

WHETHER a psychic bid fools the opponents or not depends often on causing a guess by each of them as to what player at the table is doing the psyching. Frequently it is easy to tell that somebody has made a psychic bid, as there are not enough cards in the deck for the preceding bidders to have had what their calls indicated. The player doing the guessing knows that one of the others has falsified. But which one? In some situations the clearest logic will tell him it was his partner, whereas actually it was an opponent.

S 9 4 3	H K Q 8 6 4	D K J 10	C A
S 5	N	SA 7 6 2	H J 9 7 5
H None	W E	D Q 8 5 3	CK
D 9 7 4	S	SK Q 10 8	H A 10 4 2
C Q J 9 8		D A 6 2	C 10 7
6 5 4 3 2			

(Dealer: South. Neither side vulnerable.)

South	West	North	East
1 S	4 S	Pass	Pass
Pass			

Jack Dresner, now one of New York's dependable duplicate players, recalls that deal as his very first against a pair of famous tournament champions. It was over ten years ago. They were the guests of honor at a social club's duplicate. When he came to the head table, his mind was made up to look for a chance to put over a psychic bid if he could, knowing that on straight bridge he and his partner would be out-classed.

As soon as he saw his hand, he noted the probability that every other West player in the game would bid 6-Clubs as a shutout early in the auction or as a sacrifice later. After South opened with 1-Spade, he got an inspiration. He might scare strong opponents out of a big score by the bizarre call he actually made—4-Spades.

North decided that his own partner must have made a deal-psyche and passed. South then reckoned West had all the

delegates and the United Nations with a serious problem indeed.

## Too Nomadic

Many delegates with experience at the United Nations General Assembly at Lake Success of travelling sometimes 100 miles a day to and from their work are beginning to feel that work on international conferences is becoming too nomadic for their tastes. Some of them feel that however eager the world may be for the fruits of their labours, the world is singularly ill-equipped to provide them with satisfactory working conditions, that the wisest course may be to hasten slowly, and that planning should come before international conferences as well as after them. To that extent the pattern which is emerging in Geneva a year after the liquidation of the League of Nations would seem to be progress in the right direction.

spades solid against him, so he passed too. Then North and South took every trick except the spade A, making a defensive small slam. Thus they set Mr. Tresner nine tricks at 60 a trick for a score of 450, taking a bottom score and giving him a clear top. Every other North-South pair bid and made 6-Spades for 980 points, counting the 300 game bonus, or else set a 7-Clubs sacrifice four tricks doubled for 700. And he did it without risk, as he could have taken out a double into 6-clubs, which a smart partner should easily read as escape from a psychic.

## Tomorrow's Problem

SK Q 8 6 4 2	H 7 4	D Q J	C 9 7 4
SA 10 9	N	S 7	H K 9 5
H A J 8 6	W E	D 6 4 3 2	C J 10 8 6
3	S		
D A 7 5			
C 6 2			

S J 5 3	H Q 10 2	D K 10 9 8	C A K Q
SA 10 9	N	S 7	H K 9 5
H A J 8 6	W E	D 6 4 3 2	C J 10 8 6
3	S		
D A 7 5			
C 6 2			

(Dealer: South. Neither side vulnerable.)

What would you consider the best tournament bidding of this deal?

## H.K. Too Has Its Saucers

By "MEACHBOMBER"

The "Flying Saucers" have been seen over Hong Kong.

For the past four days and nights, whenever weather conditions permitted, trained observers of the "China Mail" have been keeping vigil on the Peak.

At midnight last night, Welmer Hoffman, veteran Civil War correspondent and author of the best-seller "The Bars of Europe," excitedly phoned through to the office.

"I have just seen nine Flying Saucers," he shouted. "They passed overhead about half an hour ago, flying at a height of 10,251.87 feet and at a speed of 1,047,5456 miles an hour. There was a father unit, closely followed by a mother unit and seven of the cutest baby units you ever saw—all shining in silver and gold, and they whiffed as they came."

The telephone line then became subject to interference and the rest of his message was incomprehensible, although it appeared that each flying saucer carried an elephant of somewhat roseate hue. Unfortunately, Mr. Hoffman has not yet returned to the office and his whereabouts are unknown.

Partial confirmation has, however, been received in the shape of a news agency message from Munchen Gladbach, reporting that a mother of two there had heard that 10 children in Nairobi had seen eight flying saucers two weeks ago.



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## MORE STRIKES IN FRANCE

### Full Stop-Page Ordered For Saturday

#### Ramadier To Reply By Thursday

Paris, July 7.  
The French Government is today facing a week of  
strikes threatened by civil servants, including  
postal, public works, arsenal and municipal  
transportation workers and in the glass indus-  
try. The strike committee of civil servants is  
due to meet tomorrow.

While M. Ramadier, Prime Minister, has stated  
that he will reply to their demands for wage  
increases before next Thursday, the committee  
has already ordered a general strike for Satur-  
day if their full demands are not met by then.

The National Council of  
Postal Workers Federation  
(not a member of the Civil Ser-  
vants Union) at a meeting to-  
day re-stated the demand of  
postal workers. Although lead-  
ers of the Federation expressed  
their solidarity with civil ser-  
vants, no decision on a strike  
will be taken, until the Federa-  
tion's National Congress meets  
tomorrow.

A meeting of the Public  
Works Federation (also not a  
member of the Civil Servants  
Union) was held today to con-  
sider possible strike action,  
while the Central Bureau of the  
Communist-dominated Con-  
federation Generale du Travail  
is to meet to discuss the de-  
mands of civil servants.

A one-day strike was called  
today in the glass industry in  
the Paris area to protest  
against the employers' refusal  
to consider workers' demands  
for a ten-hour hourly produc-  
tion bonus.

Two thousand workers in  
Paris' pharmacy industry—al-  
ready partially strike-bound—  
met this afternoon to hear a  
summary of their position.

Pharmacy employers, have  
threatened a lockout in support  
of wage increase demands. A  
meeting of all pharmacy work-  
ers will be held tomorrow for  
final consideration of strike ac-  
tion.

#### Road Transport

All road transport services in  
Marseilles and throughout the  
Rhone department  
went on strike today.

Although the strike includes  
all passenger and goods ser-  
vices, food supplies coming to  
Marseilles by road and supply  
services for hospitals and flour  
mills will be maintained.

#### Trade Marks Ordinance

The first reading of the Trade  
Marks Register (Re-construc-  
tion) Ordinance, 1947, will be  
moved by the Attorney-General  
at tomorrow's meeting of the  
Legislative Council.

This bill is designed to clear  
up the situation with regard to  
Trade Marks, the Register of  
Trade Marks and the records of  
the Registry having been des-  
troyed during the Japanese oc-  
cupation of Hong Kong.

It covers the whole range of  
the problem, from registration  
and renewal to cases where  
trade marks have been removed  
from the Register through  
disuse and in which traders  
have actually been prevented  
from using them owing to the  
hostilities or the occupation of  
the Colony by its enemies.

The Attorney-General will  
also move the second and third  
readings of the "Ordinance to  
provide for the surrender of sub-  
jects of China who, during the  
war period, have, in China, col-  
laborated with the Japanese"  
and the bill to "amend the  
Trading with the Enemy Ordinance, 1914."

## Accused's Story A "Reckless Charge"

A "vigorous protest against the way in which the  
name of the constable has been dragged into  
Court," was lodged by Mr. Charles Mottram,  
Divisional Superintendent, Kowloon City, at  
the conclusion of the case against Wong Pun  
on three charges in connection with removing  
earth from Homantin Hill on June 20.

Defendant, who was represent-  
ed by Mr. C.A. Sutherland Russ,  
was convicted by Mr. W.A. Blair.

Kerr on the counts of removing  
earth, offering a bribe of \$3 to  
PCC Chan Ping-ki, and assaulting  
the constable, and was sentenced  
to a total of nine months' hard  
labour and \$500 fines.

Mr. Mottram declared that ac-  
cused's defence of being approach-  
ed by the constable for a \$20  
bribe was a reckless one. The  
constable in question, said Mr.  
Mottram, was "a man of very  
good character, against whom no  
complaints have been made to  
his superior officers."

Continuing, Mr. Mottram de-  
clared that it was easy to make  
accusations of that nature and it  
was most fortunate that the  
Police was able to produce inde-  
pendent witnesses to testify not  
only that no demand had been  
made but that the accused was  
actually arrested when he offered  
the constable the \$3.

The facts of the case, as out-  
lined by the prosecution, were  
that accused was the driver of  
lorry 8250 which was seen by  
PCC Chan Ping-ki parked at the  
foot of Homantin Hill at about  
11.30 a.m. on June 20. When  
asked if he had a permit to re-  
move earth, defendant told the  
constable, "No, but it is only a  
small matter."

#### Refused Money

After he had got off from the  
driver's seat, accused put his  
hand into his pocket, produced  
\$3 and handed it to the constable,  
saying "Go and drink tea with  
this." PCC Chan not only re-  
fused the bribe, said Mr.  
Mottram, but grabbed hold of  
defendant's hand and, holding it  
up, shouted errors to where some  
people were squatting around the  
"Worshipping Pavilion" that  
Wong had offered him a bribe.

Still holding accused by the  
closed fist containing the money,  
PCC Chan brought defendant to  
the Kowloon City Police Station  
where Wong was made to open  
his hand. The \$3 he was still  
holding fell on to the desk in  
front of the Inspector-on-Duty.

The constable was instructed to  
bring defendant back to Homan-  
tin Hill to drive the lorry to the  
Station. On arrival at the  
Homantin Hill, accused was told  
the constable went round to the  
other side of the cab and, just as  
he was about to get in, was pushed  
off the lorry by accused who im-  
mediately started the vehicle.

Intercepting private car 72,  
PCC Chan instructed the driver  
to chase after the lorry but the  
latter was going at such a terrific  
speed that it was lost sight of

#### BUND LEADER FOR TRIAL

Munich, July 7.  
Bavarian de-Nazification  
officials said today that they  
are now ready to proceed with  
the trial of Fritz Kuhn,  
former German - American  
Bund leader.

The Kuhn records and files  
have arrived from the United  
States for presentation of the  
case, they said. Officials would  
set no date for the opening,  
but intimated it would be "in  
the near future."—United  
Press.

## Hotel Menaces Case

Chan Lap Chung was com-  
mitted to stand trial at the next  
sessions when hearing of his  
case was concluded before Mr.  
Sainsbury at Central magistracy  
yesterday.

Accused was charged on three  
counts of uttering threatening  
letters demanding money with  
menaces.

Chiu Tsun Ki, manager of the  
Po Hing theatre stated in evi-  
dence that on June 2 he receiv-  
ed a letter by post. He read the  
contents which contained a de-  
mand for \$10,000 Hong Kong  
currency; failure would mean  
the bombing of the theatre.  
There was no address by which  
he could make any reply but it  
was chopped Ng Lung Tong. On  
the day of receipt he handed it  
to the police.

Law Pang, carpenter of 1130  
Canton Road, ground floor and  
part owner of the Piu Ki car-  
penter shop, said his partner in  
January of this year sent ac-  
cused to his shop. Soon after  
that they dissolved partnership  
and his partner left with the  
accused. On his departure he  
left no instructions, but later on  
defendant's wife collected two  
letters.

Defendant wrote down his  
address at 289 Lai Chi Kok  
Road, first floor.

Lam Wai, wife of the carpen-  
ter, Lam Pang told the court of  
how accused told her to collect  
and keep for him all letters  
addressed to Chan as well as  
those addressed to Tang Kwan.

C.S.I. Lam Yung Hon, at-  
tached to C.I.D. West, related  
that on June 4 he received from  
San Ma Sze Tsang a letter writ-  
ten with a fountain pen and of  
how he made visits in company  
with a Chinese detective dis-  
guised as travelling traders to  
the accused and of how he  
eventually arrested accused at  
289 Lai Chi Kok Road, first  
floor.

The accused in a lengthy state-  
ment from the witness box  
denied all knowledge of the  
threatening letters and gave  
detailed accounts of all that  
allegedly happened from the  
month of June or July when he  
visited Tang Kwan in Shanghai  
Street.

## Ferry Fare Evaded

When Ng King-kee, 28, bur-  
her, attempted to enter the first-  
class section of the Star Ferry  
wharf at 12.30 p.m. on July 7  
he was asked by Ferry Inspec-  
tor Rothwell to produce his tick-  
et for inspection. He took out  
a plastic envelope containing a  
"monthly ticket" for May. He  
was arrested and brought to the  
Water Police Station when it  
was found that the expired tick-  
et was not made out in his  
name.

On his failure to appear be-  
fore Mr. Latimer at Kowloon  
yesterday, to answer the charges  
of evading payment of proper  
fare and use or attempt to use a  
monthly ticket not in his name,  
Ng had his bail of \$75 estreated.  
Inspector Orem appeared for  
the Police.

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lief Fund, a stamp bazaar spon-  
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sociation will be held at 34 Con-  
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(between the General Post Office  
and the Yau-mat) Vehicular  
Wharf) today at 5.30 p.m. All  
stamp collectors are cordially in-  
vited to attend.

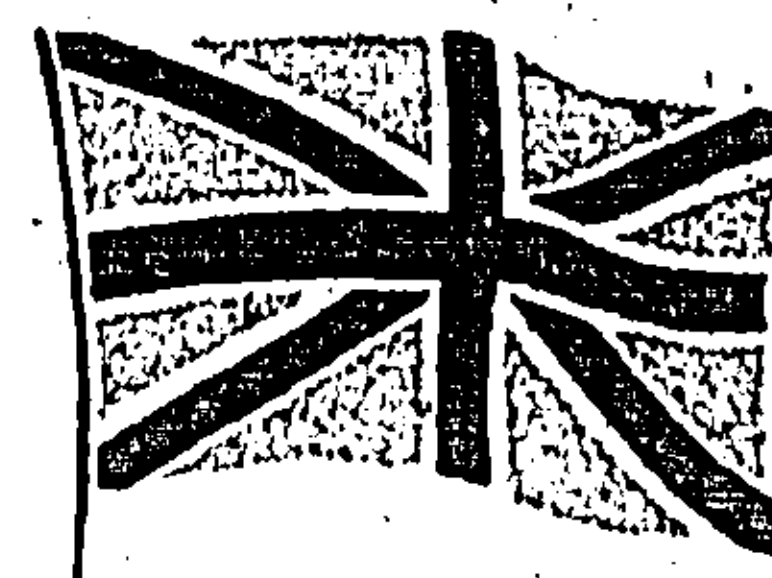
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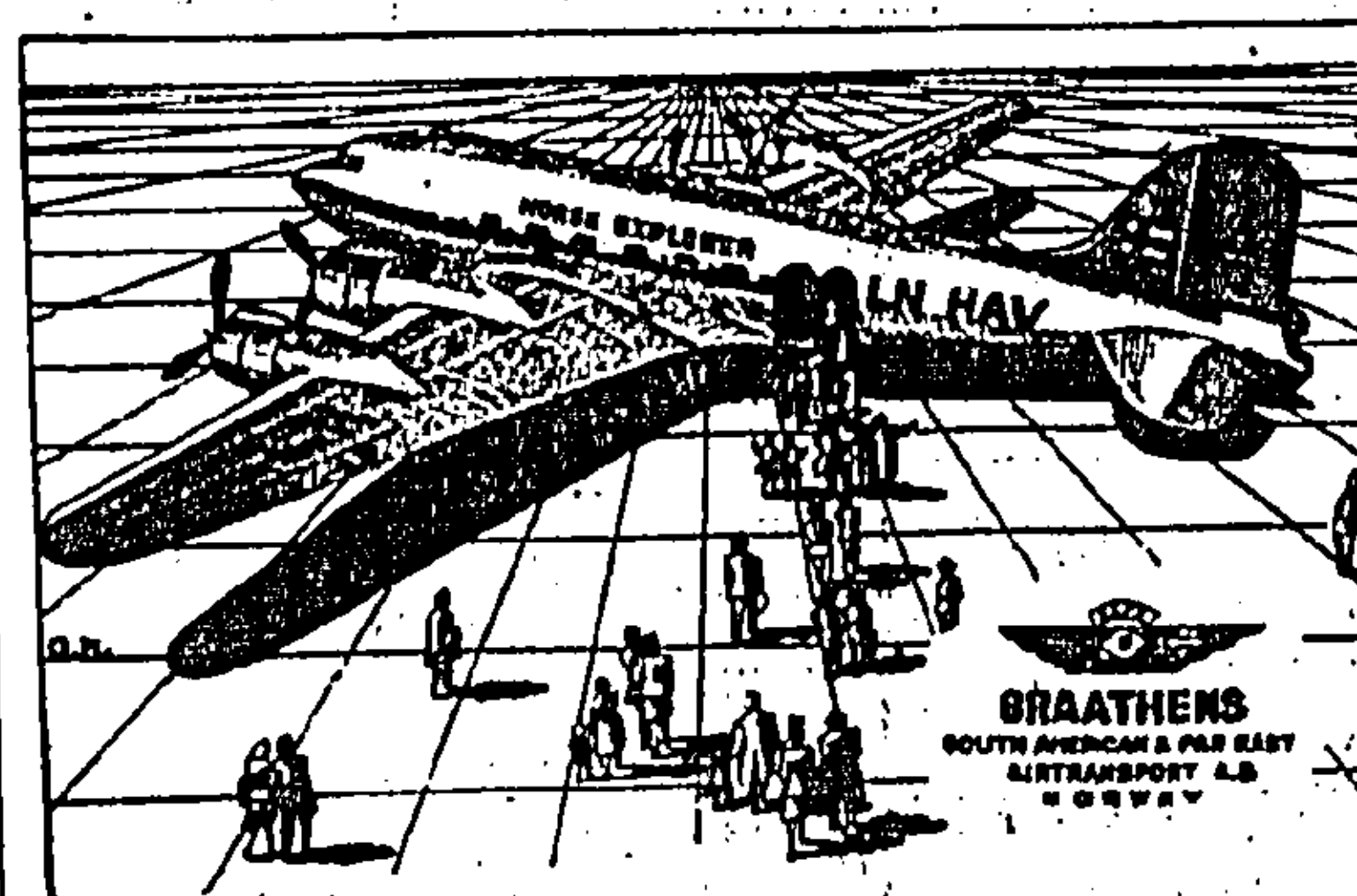
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# GERMANY'S NEED FOR FRESH CAPITAL FOR RECOVERY

Berlin, July 7.

A German economist said today that Germany needs US\$40,000,000,000 in fresh capital over a period of ten years to boost its living standard to the mediocre levels set by the Potsdam agreement.

Even if such credits were granted, however, they would place Germany in an impossible political and economic situation, Professor Bruno Gleitze, chief of the Statistical Department of the Soviet Zone, told the United Press in an exclusive interview.

Gleitze, who holds four other key positions in the Soviet administration, estimated German national wealth at the war's end totalled approximately 165,000,000,000 gold marks (US\$60,000,000,000).

## N.Y. Stock Market

New York, July 8.

Strength of rails, liquors and special stocks sent the market average up for the eighth successive day although many

Transfers totalled 1,050,000 shares. Recording peaks for 1947 were Dupont, up 2 1/2 at 196.

Allied Chemical 1 1/2 at 182 1/2 and Chrysler seven eighths at 113 1/2.

Other notable gainers included Schenley, Chesapeake and Ohio, Santa Fe, American Telephone, U.S. Gypsum and Douglas Aircraft.

Losers included Bethlehem, International Business Machines, General Motors and Texas Company.

The Dow Jones closing averages: Stocks 64.62; 30 Industrials 182.04; 15 Rails 48.25; 10 Utilities 35.63.

Closing stock quotations: Adams Express 10 1/2, Alaska Juneau 5 1/2, American Can 32, American Smelting 58 1/2, American Telephone 169 1/2, American Waterworks 75 1/2, American Waterworks 15 1/2, Anaconda Copper 36 1/2, Aviation Corp. 5 1/2, Baldwin Locomotive 19 1/2, Barnsdall 28 1/2, Bendis Aviation 33 1/2, Bethlehem Steel 87 1/2, Boeing Aircraft 16 1/2, Borden Co. 44, Canadian Pacific 32 1/2, J. I. Case 37 1/2, Chrysler 113 1/2, Cohate 43 1/2, Commercial Solvents 26 1/2, Corn Products 64, Dupont 196, Eastman Kodak 15 1/2, Electric Light & Power 10 1/2, General Electric 36 1/2, General Motors 50 1/2, Goodrich 56 1/2, Goodyear 47 1/2, Homestake Mining 47 1/2, International Harvester 91 1/2, International Paper 47 1/2, International Tel. & Tel. 12 1/2, Johns Manville 44, Kennecott Copper 46 1/2, Montgomery Ward 61, National Distillers 22 1/2, National Lead 34 1/2, New York Central 15 1/2, Packard Motors 5 1/2, Pan American Airways 11, Pennsylvania R.R. 20, Radio Corp. 8 1/2, Real Estate 13, Republic Steel 26, Reynolds Tobacco 40 1/2, Schenley 32 1/2, Sears Roebuck 39 1/2, Shell Oil 30 1/2, Slocum Vacuum 16 1/2, Southern Pacific 44, Standard Brands 29 1/2, Standard Oil of Calif. 61 1/2, Standard Oil of N.J. 77 1/2, Studebaker 19 1/2, Union Bag 32 1/2, Union Carbide 10 1/2, U.S. Rubber 48 1/2, U.S. Steel 70, Westinghouse 28 1/2, Yellowtown Sheet & Tube 65, U.S. Lines 22, General Public Utilities 14 1/2, Associated Press.

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## VALUE OF NEW YORK STOCKS

New York, July 7.  
The value of all shares listed on the New York Exchange on June 30 was \$30,548,000,000 while stock issues listed totalled 129,020,000 shares, with an average value of \$38.38.

The total borrowing of Stock Exchange members against stock collateral was \$116,000,000 with the average percentage of borrowings to the market value of all shares listed at 0.82.—Reuter.

## Anglo-Indian Sterling Talks

London, July 7.

The Anglo-Indian sterling discussions about to take place in London are designed to make the period immediately following July 15 (when, under the Anglo-American loan agreement, all spendable sterling becomes convertible) into any currency.

Mr. W. G. Hall, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, told the House of Commons today.

He was replying to Mr. Thomas Reid (Labour) who had asked what arrangements were made about India drawing on her sterling balances in the immediate future.

Mr. Hall said that the opening of preliminary negotiations had been prevented by the present preoccupation of the Ministers in connection with the transfer of power. The most accurate figures published, he added, showed India's sterling balances as £1,778,000,000.—Reuter.

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## AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES.

REFRIGERATION—SPECIAL CARGO OIL TANKS—CARGOCAIRE—SPECIE

### SAILINGS

SAN FRANCISCO AND LOS ANGELES VIA SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & HONOLULU

S.S. "President McKinley" (via Manila & Honolulu) July	10
S.S. "Marine Adder" (Omits Honolulu & Japan) July	12
S.S. "President Grant" (via Shanghai) July	26
S.S. "General Meigs" Aug.	7

\*NOTE: Third Class Passage Fare from Hongkong to Pacific Coast is US\$175.00 Plus US\$50.00 for persons who are not U.S. Citizens.

NEW YORK AND HAVANA VIA MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, COCHIN, BOMBAY, SUEZ AND MEDITERRANEAN PORTS

S.S. "Marine Snapper" July	21
S.S. "Scott E. Land" July	28



**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**1, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL  
Telephone: 30331-8 Private Exchange.

Agents: CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

**SAILINGS TO**

"FENGTIEN"	Singapore, Batavia, Sourabaya & Manassar, D.L. 10th July
"HUNAN"	Swatow 3 p.m. 10th July
"NANCHANG"	Keelung Noon 11th July
"HANYANG"	Amoy, Shanghai & Tientsin 8 a.m. 10th July
"SHENGKING"	Shanghai, 4 p.m. 18th July
"NANCHANG"	Singapore & Penang D.L. 19th July
"NINGHAI"	Bangkok 4 p.m. 23rd July
"SHANTUNG"	Haiphong, Pakhoi, Hoihow & Tsamkong 10 a.m. 25th July

**ARRIVALS FROM**

"HUNAN"	Swatow a.m. 9th July
"NINGHAI"	Singapore 18th July

**CANTON RIVER LINE**

"FATSHAN"	Arrives 3 p.m. 11th July
"WUSUEH"	Sails 5 a.m. 13th July
	Sails 00.01 a.m. 14th July
	Arrives 3 p.m. 15th July

Agents: BLUE FUNNEL LINE

**U.K. SERVICE****Arrivals from**

"SARFEDON"	U.K. via Straits 12th July
"ANCHISES"	—do— 16th July
"TITAN"	—do— 23rd July

**Sailings to**

"GLENAPP"	Genoa, Marseilles, Harve, and Genoa via Port Said late July
"SARFEDON"	via Port Said late July

**NEW YORK SERVICE****Arrivals from**

"RIEXENOR"	U.S.A. via Manila 3rd week July
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Agents: Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.

**Arrivals from**

"SHANSI"	Australia 19th July
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**Sailings to**

"SHANSI"	Sydney & Melbourne Early August
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\* Accepts Cargo to N. Z. ports on through B/L.

All The Above Subject To Alteration Without Notice.  
For Passage and Freight Particulars Apply To The Above.**DE LA RAMA LINES**EXPRESS CARGO LINER SERVICES  
TO AND FROM PACIFIC & ATLANTIC COASTS  
U.S.A. LOADING DATES

Route	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	14th July	m.v. "HALLAND"
Pacific Coast	14th August	m.v. "DONA ANICETA"
Atlantic Coast	Early August	m.v. "MANGALORE"

**ARRIVALS**

From	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	20th July	m.v. "DONA AURORA"
Pacific Coast	6th August	m.v. "BATAAN"

**SAILINGS**

For	Date	Vessel
Atlantic Coast	23rd July	m.v. "DONA AURORA"
Pacific Coast	9th August	m.v. "BATAAN"

THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO. INC.

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Tel.: 23676/23675 Tel.: 23738/20153**HONG NAM & CO.,**STEVEDORES, TRANSPORTERS AND  
GENERAL CONTRACTORS.Also suppliers of Junks, Barges, & Steam Launches.  
Special Work for Heavy Cargoes.  
Reliable and reasonable charges.

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**MAERSK LINE**A. P. MOLLER, COPENHAGEN.  
Moller Steamship Company Inc. New York  
General Agents.MONTHLY SAILINGS TO NEW YORK, ATLANTIC PORTS,  
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA

M.S. "LAURA MAERSK"	July 29
M.S. "MARCHEN MAERSK"	Sept. 10
M.S. "GRETE MAERSK"	Oct. 16

Special Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk  
ARRIVALS FROM N.Y. & OTHER U.S. PORTS.

M.S. "LAURA MAERSK"	In Port
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M.S. "GRETE MAERSK"	Aug. 6

For Freight and Further Particulars please apply to—

Agents: JEBSEN & CO. Pedder Building  
Tel. Nos. 20601-3**U.S. POLICY IN CHINA**  
**Pressure On Chiang**Shanghai, July 8.  
America's future policy in China is likely to hinge largely on the extent to which Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek reforms his National Government, in the opinion of diplomatic and other well-informed quarters in Nanking and Shanghai.

It is no secret to anyone in these two cities that Gen. Chiang's "coalition" government did not satisfy America's hope for the creation of a liberal and genuinely multi-party administration in China.

General opinion is that the Generalissimo will have to carry out a real "purge" of more reactionary and corrupt elements in his government before he can expect any much greater support from the United States than has already been received.

Although American quarters have kept mum on the subject most quarters in Nanking and Shanghai take it for granted that the American Embassy has been trying to induce Generalissimo Chiang to carry out a real "purge" of his government. What form this persuasion has taken is not known, but it is believed that Ambassador J. Leighton Stuart has tried delicately to convince Gen. Chiang of the necessity of such an overhaul.

**Chiang Dilemma**

Political observers, however, say Gen. Chiang faces a dilemma. On the one hand, he always has been loyal to his longtime friends and associates, and on the other he will have to weed out the very elements on which his strength and power so largely rest.

There is good reason to believe that American efforts to induce Gen. Chiang to overhaul his government and the prospects they offer of success or failure will be among the subjects which Secretary of State George C. Marshall will discuss with Chiang Kai-shek when he is due in Washington on Wednesday or Thursday on a special summons from the US State Department.—Associated Press.

**MAERSK LINE****Notice To Consignees**

The M.V. "Laura Maersk" having arrived from New York and Ports of call, Consignees of cargo are hereby notified that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the Hoag Kong &amp; Kowloon Wharf &amp; Godown Company's godowns at Kowloon, where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given 48 hours prior to vessel's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 15th July, 1947, will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 14th July, 1947, at 10 a.m. by our Surveyors, Messrs. Goldard &amp; Douglas.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

All claims must reach us before the 9th August, 1947, or they will not be recognized.

No Insurance will be effected.

JEBSEN &amp; CO., Agents

Hongkong, 9th July, 1947.

**PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S. N. CO.****S.S. "STRATHNAVER"**

A limited number of berths will be available for civilian passengers to the United Kingdom, in s.s. "STRATHNAVER" which is expected to sail at the end of August.

All intending passengers are asked to register their names with the undersigned, or with a recognised travel agent, before 16th July, 1947.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE &amp; CO. Agents.

**NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES****S.S. "AGAMEMNON"**

Damaged cargo ex the above vessel will be surveyed at Ho's Wharf between the hours 10 a.m. and 12 noon on 10th July, 1947, and consignee representatives are requested to be present during the survey.

Agents: BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE,

Hong Kong, 7th July 1947.

**Shooting Sequel**

As both To Lau and To Sik were still in hospital, a formal remand of three days was applied for, and granted to S/I Howarth by Mr. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday.

The charges against To Lau are taking part with To Sze-chung, 35, and To Lu-lam, 45, in an armed robbery at 125A, Des Voeux Road Central on May 30 when Lee Kin was robbed of \$457; armed robbery with the same two co-defendants at 134 Queen's Road Central (Lee On Watch Dealers) and robbing Tang Yiu-kwong of 112 watches on June 8; possession of a loaded revolver at Pelho Street on June 25; and shooting at S/I D.E. Salter on the same night.

Chiu Hang, 24, master of motor junk "Fu Kwok-yat," Mak Sui-hing, 30, married woman, and To Man, 33, flower hawk, were charged with receiving a watch on July 4. To Sik, 25, farmer, and Leung Fong-ha, 18, married woman, were arraigned on the charge of giving shelter and harbouring To Lau after the Pelho Street shooting affair.

Yun Kai-nin Fung Chun, 36, appeared before Mr. W.H. Lathmer at Kowloon yesterday for sentence on a charge of malicious damage to a lock at the Kong Tai Tin Club, 80 Chung Hing Back Street, ground floor, Cheung Chau, on July 2. He was given two weeks' hard labour, to be followed by expulsion from the Colony.

**Mobilization In China**Nanking, July 8.  
The Ministry of National Defence is reported today to have drafted measures "permitting" demobilized officers and men of the Nationalist army to reenlist to join the anti-Communist campaigns.

It is said that the Institute for Vocational Training of demobilized army officers is already picking more than 1,000 veteran officers for recommitment and assignment in various Nationalist units.

Circles close to the Executive Yuan disclose that members of the Cabinet informally met on Monday afternoon to discuss measures of carrying out the State Council general mobilization resolution. Concrete measures, including the reenlistment of demobilized army officers, will be discussed at the regular weekly Executive Yuan meeting this morning.

It is reported that the measures of the National Defence Ministry are expected to attract many demobilized officers and men, many of whom have been unemployed or living on relief since leaving the army.

**COW DERAILED TRAIN**Hankow, July 8.  
Rail authorities today revealed that one person was killed and five were injured when a Canton-bound train on the Canton-Hankow Railway was derailed in collision with a cow on July 4. The authorities said the impact threw two coaches off the rails. The cow was killed.—United Press.**POST OFFICE MAIL NOTICE**

Unless otherwise stated, Registered articles and Parcel Posts close 30 minutes earlier than the time stated below.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 9

Airmail for Manila, P.I., Honolulu, U.S.A. and Canada, Kowloon G.P.O. (Reg.) 9.30 a.m. (Ord.) 10 a.m. (Reg.) 9.30 a.m. (Ord.) 10 a.m. Airmail for Swatow and Amoy, (Reg.) 9.30 a.m. (Ord.) 10 a.m. Dangkak, Noon. Straits, Bangkok and Calcutta, Noon. Canton (By Train), 1.30 p.m. Manila P.I., 5 p.m. Formosa via Takao, 3 p.m. Kowloon, 4 p.m. Macao, Tientsin and Shikhi, 4 p.m. Canton (By Train), 5 p.m. Airmail for Bangkok, Hankow, Canton, Kowloon, Kowloon G.P.O. (Reg.) 2.30 p.m. (Ord.) 3 p.m. G.P.O. (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m. Airmail for Manila P.I., (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m. Airmail for Canton, Kowloon and Kowloon G.P.O. (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m. Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking, Kowloon G.P.O. (Reg.) 3.30 p.m. (Ord.) 4 p.m. G.P.O. (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m. Airmail for Manila P.I., (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m. Airmail for Canton, Kowloon and Kowloon G.P.O. (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m. Airmail for Amoy, Shanghai, Nanking, Hankow, Tientsin and Peking, Kowloon G.P.O. (Reg.) 3.30 p.m. (Ord.) 4 p.m. G.P.O. (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

THURSDAY, JULY 10

Salmon, 10 a.m. Straits, Batavia, Sourabaya and Macao, Noon. Swatow, 1 p.m. Manila, P.I., Honolulu, Noon. Canton (By Train), 1.30 p.m. U.S.A., Central and South America and Canada via San Francisco (Par. &amp; Reg.) 1.30 p.m. (Ord.) 2 p.m. Manila P.I. and Macao, 3 p.m. Ordinary letters &amp; cards only for Japan, 3 p.m. Tsamkong (Kwongchowwan), 4 p.m. Kowloon, 4 p.m. Macao, Tientsin and Shikhi, 4 p.m. Canton, 5 p.m. Airmail for Bangkok, Singapore, Batavia, Colombo, Sydney and Auckland, (Reg.) 2 p.m. (Ord.) 2.30 p.m. Airmail for Swatow and Amoy; Airmail for Canton, Fuzhou and Shanghai, (Reg.) 2 p.m. (Ord.) 2.30 p.m. Formosa via Takao, 10 a.m. Shanghai, 10 a.m. Swatow and Bangkok, Noon. Canton (By Train), 1.30 p.m. Straits and Bangkok, 3 p.m. Canada via Vancouver, E.C., 3 p.m. Airmail for Saigon and Paris, (Reg.) 3 p.m. (Ord.) 3.30 p.m.

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## A GRAVE SITUATION Indonesians Reject Dutch Demand

### Black-Out Starts In Java

**Batavia, July 8.**  
Premier Amir Sjarifoeddin announced on Monday that his Indonesian Republican Cabinet will reject Dutch demands for a joint Netherlands-Indonesian Gendarmerie to police Republican areas and urged his followers to remain "calm, united and alert."

Qualified Dutch sources here said, prior to his announcement, that such rejection would lead inevitably to war.

Dutch sources added that the Netherlands Army may strike possibly within four days unless the Indonesians accept full Dutch plan for the gendarmerie and other aspects of an interim National Government.

Sjarifoeddin, speaking over the Indonesian radio station at Jogjakarta, acknowledged that the situation is "grave" but expressed the hope, however, that the Dutch will show "full understanding of the Indonesian internal situation. This is interpreted here as a bid for the Dutch to give ground on their demands for a joint gendarmerie, a point on which neither the Indonesians nor the Dutch have been willing to compromise.

Sjarifoeddin said the Indonesian note, delivered to the Dutch on Sunday, emphasised his desire to reach a peaceful settlement with the Netherlands. He added that the Republic also is willing to accept Netherlands sovereignty over all of Indonesia pending the establishment of an independent United States of Indonesia on January 1, 1949. But he insisted that this sovereignty is to be used to hamper the Republic's administrative functions within its own territory. —Associated Press.

#### A.R.P.

**Batavia, July 8.**  
Air raid and blackout precautions were being taken in Java last night, according to an Indonesian Republican Army spokesman.

The Indonesian Republican spokesman declared that Java was now "in a state of danger," and said that the "tongue" traditional Javanese wooden instruments—would be used to give warnings of air raids, and to call the people to prepare for the defense.

Gurillas are being pressed as quickly as possible into the Republican Army, and the defense of individual towns is being organized.

One clash occurred yesterday, north of Sourabaya, the spokesman said. "The Dutch were reported to have used mortar fire."

Other clashes with Dutch detachments were reported last week, he added, near Modjokerto, and between a Dutch warship and two motorboats and Republican shore batteries at Ketupang, in Eastern Java. —Reuter.

## RADIO

ZBW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 845 kilocycles from 1230 to 2,000 p.m., and 630 to 11,00 p.m., and also on 9.52 megacycles in the 31 metre band from 12.30 to 1.15, 7.30 to 8.30 and 9.15 to 11.00 p.m.

**12.30 p.m.**—Daily Programme Summary.  
**12.32 p.m.**—Gilbert and Sullivan.  
**1.00 p.m.**—News, Weather Report and Announcements.  
**1.10 p.m.**—Orchestral Interlude.  
**1.15 p.m.**—Tangos and Humors.  
**1.30 p.m.**—A Russian Programme.  
**2.10 p.m.**—Classical Music.  
**6.00 p.m.**—Studio Children's Half-Hour.  
**6.30 p.m.**—Frank Traumbauer's Orchestra.  
**8.00 p.m.**—London Relay: World News.  
**8.10 p.m.**—London Relay: Home News from Britain.  
**8.15 p.m.**—Studio: Classical Request Programme.  
**8.30 p.m.**—B.B.C. Transcription Service: "Why Bells in the Church can help you." A Talk by His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury.  
**8.40 p.m.**—London Relay: World News.  
**8.50 p.m.**—London Relay: Home News from Britain.  
**8.55 p.m.**—Studio: Classical Request Programme.  
**9.00 p.m.**—B.B.C. Transcription Service: "Auntie, Energy." Captain Cyril Falls speaks about the Military Band.  
**9.35 p.m.**—Light Variety.  
**10.00 p.m.**—London Relay: News.  
**10.10 p.m.**—Weather Report.  
**10.15 p.m.**—Bacharachoff, Piano Concerto to No. 2 in D Minor, Op. 20, Cyril Smith (Piano) and City of Birmingham Orchestra.  
**10.55 p.m.**—Twilight Melodies.  
**11.00 p.m.**—Close Down.

## All-Star Baseball Line-Up

**Chicago, July 7.**  
Betting odds for Tuesday's 14th annual All-Star Game ignored the selection of Cincinnati Reds' Earl Brown (H.C. Blackwell) to start for the National League against the American League's Spud Chandler, and installed the junior circuit as the favorite at two to three, or five to seven. If you like the Nationals, you must put up 12 to 10 and six to five.

The starting line-ups and present batting averages are:

#### American League

George Kell (Tigers) .329  
Buddy Lewis (Senators) .272  
Eight fielders (Red Sox) .272  
Left fielder (Red Sox) .272  
Joe DiMaggio (Yankees) .339  
Center fielder (Yankees) .339  
Lou Boudreau (Indians) .350  
Shortstop (Indians) .350  
George McQuinn (Yankees) .329  
Joe Gordon (Indians) .243  
Buddy Rosar (Athletics) .259  
Catcher (Athletics) .259

Chandler, who won nine and last four games this season will be supplemented on the mound by Bob Feller (Indians), Hal Newhouse and Dixie Trout (Tigers), Frank Shen and Joe Page (Yankees), Walt Masterson (Senators) and Jack Kramer (Browns).

#### National League

Harry Walker (Phillies) .335  
Dixie Walker (Dodgers) .279  
Walker Cooper (Giants) .315  
Johnny Mize (Giants) .313  
Eino Slaughter (Cardinals) .330  
Left fielder (Giants) .313  
Frank Gurnea (Pirates) .303  
Marty Marion (Cardinals) .234  
Shortstop (Cardinals) .234  
Emil Verban (Phillies) .301  
2nd base (Phillies) .301

Blackwell, who won four and lost two, will be backed up by Schoolboy Rowe (Phillies), Ralph Brant (Dodgers), John Sain (Braves), Warren Spahn (Braves) and Harry Brecheen (United Press).

## Manchuria Threat Not Lifted

**New York, July 7.**  
The "New York Times" commenting editorially on the Manchurian situation, said today that a note approaching to desperation seemed to underlie President Chiang Kai-shek's latest appeal to his people, and said the threat to Manchuria was by no means lifted despite the government victory at Szepeingka.

The editorial said: "A note approaching desperation seems to underlie President Chiang Kai-shek's latest effort to rally his people to the fight against the Communists."

"The assault on Szepeingka may have been the crest of the current Communist offensive. If so, the government victory is the more impressive. Yet the threat to Manchuria is by no means lifted."

"The rebels have an unpleasant habit of retreating before superior forces only to strike again at some other point. They seemed to be well equipped both with tanks and artillery, and hurled more shells into Szepeingka than their own combined armories can produce."

"Nanking says they are supplied by a certain country."

## KRUPPS PLANT

**London, July 7.**  
The Foreign Office Under-Secretary, Mr. Mayhew, told the House of Commons today that "some parts of the Krupps plant are earmarked for reparations."

"Only those parts of the works will be destroyed which are useful for warlike purposes exclusively," he added. —United Press.

## Paterson Fight

**London, July 7.**  
It can be revealed that the world flyweight championship bout between Scotland's Jackie Paterson, the holder, and Dado Marino, from the Philippines, was nearly called off.

The promoter, Charles Black, was inclined to this course of action following heavy additional expenses incurred owing to the second postponement of the fight, which is now fixed for Hampden Park on July 19.

The bout on Paterson's hand, which caused the second postponement, has been treated with penicillin each day.

Marino's manager says that he is prepared to let Marino fight Rinty Monaghan—Irish contender for the British title—or any other flyweight the British Board of Control names.—Reuter.

## Yorks Lose

**London, July 8.**  
Nottinghamshire drew with Lancashire at Nottingham. Lancashire 398, Nottinghamshire 475 for five (Simpson not out 110, Stocks not out 63).

At Bradford, Surrey beat Yorkshire by five wickets. Yorkshire 87 and 268 (Smithson not out 107, Coxon 58), Surrey 271 and 86 for five.—Reuter.

## Europe Bleeding To Death

**London, July 8.**  
The Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, addressing the Wandsworth Rotary Club today, declared that the Marshall plan "might make the greatest contribution to the unity of the peoples of Europe."

"Europe is bleeding—bleeding to death. It must be stopped. In stopping we have got to rule out any prejudicing consideration—religious or ideological," he said.

"I have heard it said that by some miracle all you have to do is to establish a United States of Europe and it will be well. You have only to go through Europe, to see some of the devastation, to go into some of these countries and the people point to incinerators that destroyed millions, to look at cemeteries where thousands are buried, to the gaunt shells of buildings destroyed by bombing, and have and then try to translate its effect upon all who see it to realise how difficult it is to produce unity and harmony after the terrible wounds that have been inflicted."

"Added to that are historic, racial and political differences which make a settlement very difficult indeed."

#### Happy Prospect

"On the other hand there is a prospect, a very happy prospect, of producing unity without touching the political side at all—without raising it and certainly not accelerating it."

"We have the opportunity of approaching the problem upon an economic basis which, if worked out properly, might make the biggest contribution to the unity of the peoples of Europe."

"I rely on that spirit of comradeship and brotherhood which I believe can yet be the dominant force triumphing over racial divisions and without any attempt to develop a superior race or inferiority complex and working on the basis of unity which even in your generation we shall find contributing at last to the unity of peoples throughout the world. I shall not live to see it but I am sure in the end it will result in a real parliament of man, elected by the people, governing and guiding the world to the advancement of humanity." —United Press.

## Chicago, July 7.

Ford Frick was re-elected today to the presidency of the National Baseball League for a four-year term, the longest permitted by the league's constitution. He has been president of the circuit since 1934. —United Press.

## Cambridge In A Tight Corner

**London, July 7.**  
Oxford are in a commanding position at the end of the second day of the annual Varsity match at Lords. After scoring 457, Oxford dismissed Cambridge for 201 and forced the Light Blues to follow on. Cambridge, however, kept all her wickets intact in scoring 18 runs in the follow-on.

The Dominion player, H.E. Robinson, of Vancouver, helped Oxford to force Cambridge, to follow on by taking four wickets for 51 runs in 17 overs.

In County games, batsmen enjoyed themselves in today's sun-bathing and centuries were scored by Vign, of Essex; Keeton, of Notts; and Davis, of Northamptonshire.

The close of play scores were:  
At Lords: Oxford 457; Cambridge 201 (Watts 65) and 18 for no wickets.  
At Bradford: Surrey 271; Yorkshire 87 (Alec Bedser four for 18, Eric Bedser four for 15) and 193 for four (Hilliday 58, Smithson 74 not out).  
At Kettering: Glamorgan 312 and seven for no wickets; Northamptonshire 377 (P. Davis 163, Timms 60).  
At Coventry: Warwickshire 320 and 121 for two; Essex 493 (Vigor 112, Pearce 97, Canning five for 119).  
At Worcester: Worcestershire 353 (E. Cooper 59, Wyatt 80, Perks Jenkins 58).  
At Sheffield: Derbyshire 287 and 149 for four; Kent 213 (Fagg 65, Rhodes five for 83).  
At Bristol: Sussex 203 and 102 for six; Gloucestershire 311 (Carnfield 59, Lambert 59).  
At Nottingham: Lancashire 398; Notts 332 for three (Keeton 145, Harris 89, Simpson 54 not out).  
At Portsmouth: Middlesex 199 and 178 (Hill four for 20); Hampshire 101 (Young five for 28) and 52 for seven.—Reuter.

## St. Leger Callover

**London, July 7.**  
The Victoria Club callover on the St. Leger, which will be run at Doncaster in September, was: 5 to 1 Migoll and Pearl Diver, both taken and offered, 5 to 1 Blue Train offered, 9 to 1 Sayajiroo offered, 10 to 1 Tudor Minstrel offered, 100 to 8 Cadir offered, 100 to 6 Arbur offered, 20 to 1 taken, 20 to 1 Combat and Pettition, both offered.

Pearl Diver, winner of the Epsom Derby, Migoll and Blue Train were installed five to one favourites at the first callover on the St. Leger.

Business throughout was light and no wagers of any significance were recorded.

Both Pearl Diver and Migoll, first two in the Derby, were taken to small amounts at five to one, and though Blue Train, withdrawn from the Derby because of the firm going, was offered at the same price, there were no supporters for the King's horse.

Sayajiroo, the Derby third, and Tudor Minstrel, red-hot favourite failure in that classic, were both at nine to one, though the Minstrel has been taken at the ten's.

The only other horse backed was Arbur, of France, who did not run in the Epsom race. Originally 20 to one, he closed at 100 to six after a few small wagers.

Cadir, another French horse, was backed at 100 to 8, while Combat and Pettition, both in the 20's, were the only other horses quoted.—Reuter.

## Seaman Bound Over

Arthur Amos, 30, seaman, was convicted and bound over in the sum of \$50 for 12 months when he appeared before Mr. d'Almeida at the Central Magistracy yesterday morning charged with common assault.

Defendant pleaded not guilty.

Mr. W.R. Hillier, Deputy Shipping Master of the Harbour Office, said that at about 11.30 a.m. on July 7 defendant came to him and demanded money. On being told that Mr. Hillier had no money for him, the defendant picked up a poker and attempted to strike him.

The defendant, told to put down the poker, refused and it was forcibly wrested from him. Mr. Hillier mentioned two previous occasions when the defendant had threatened him.

Mr. Hillier said Amos arrived in Hong Kong as a distressed seaman. He had written on several occasions regarding funds for the defendant, but up to date had received no reply.

In the witness box, the defendant told the court that he had fought in the Burma war. He had applied to Mr. Hillier for a passport to the United Kingdom, but was informed by the Deputy Shipping Master that there was to room for a negro. "Many men to my knowledge had been signed on," said defendant, "but I was never given a chance."

Mr. Hillier told the magistrate that there had been one instance when eight white men were signed on to a ship but to include the defendant in the eight would be a very embarrassing matter.

His Worship replied: "I understand and I fully realize your position."

## SING TAO'S VICTORY

**Rangoon, July 8.**  
The Sing Tao footballers gained another victory last evening when they defeated the Burma Athletic Association team by three goals to one.

The tourists were guests of honour at a tea party given by the Burma Olympic Association this evening, at which the Governor, Sir Hubert Rance, and T. Aung San, head of the Burmese Government, attended.—Reuter.

## Grand Edrich Innings Test Match Draw Probable

**Old Trafford, July 8.**

England, at the tea interval on the third day of the Third Test match with South Africa, had scored 430 for six wickets in reply to South Africa's first innings score of 339.

England were thus 91 ahead with four wicket to fall, and all indications point to the match being drawn, as was the first Test at Lord's Bridge, England won the second Test at Trent.

England, at the close of the second day's play, were in a leading position, being only 28 runs behind the South Africans' first innings with six wickets in hand.

Bill Edrich and Denis Compton, the two Middlesex batsmen, again dominated England's batting.

The third wicket partnership realised 228 runs in three hours and ten minutes.

Both Compton and Edrich were superb after tea when they colared the bowling and scored at a great rate. They added 30 in ten minutes, 50 in half an hour and reached the hundred partnership in 105 minutes.

The next 50 came in 25 minutes and the partnership's second hundred in two hours 50 minutes.

Water was soaked up from the wicket with absorbent blankets under a light roller following a heavy shower and as the umpires inspected the pitch, further rain fell. A further inspection was made after tea.

South Africa—1st Innings . 339

**ENGLAND—1st Inns.**  
Hutton, c. Lindsay, b. Plimvill 12  
Washbrook, c. Nourse, b. Tuckett 20  
Edrich, b. Tuckett 191  
Compton, c. Tuckett, b. Dawson 115  
Barnett, c. Sub, b. Mann 5  
Yardley, b. Tuckett 47  
Cranton, not out 17  
Evans, not out 11  
Extras 9  
Total (for six) 430

—Reuter.

Edrich had batted for three hours 55 minutes and hit three sixes and 15 fours.

Compton's innings, featuring superb cutting and driving, lasted three hours ten minutes and included 17 fours.

On the third day, rain restricted play, to 20 minutes between the lunch and tea interval, during which England carried their total to 430 and Edrich was dismissed for 191.

**More Rain**  
Edrich's grand innings ended when he was bowled by a ball from the fast bowler Tuckett.

They tied again in the jump off, but at the third attempt, Urano had a clear run, while his rival made 13 faults over the difficult 665-yard course.

Sen Prince, exhibited and ridden by the Belgian, Chevalier de Selliers De Moranville, with seven faults, was third.—Reuter.

**K.R.A. HOUSING SCHEME**  
(Continued from page 1)

In a scheme of the size contemplated it was suggested that finance might be provided by Government. To build economically it would be necessary to construct houses on a large scale and to carry out repetition work with modern methods. It is therefore, necessary that there should be at least 200 participants in the scheme.

**Vital Interest**  
While the function of the Kowloon Residents' Association, is primarily to look after the interests of the Kowloon residents, the subject of home-ownership is one of vital interest to the whole Colony. All members of the community (whether they live on the Island or on the Mainland), who are interested in the scheme outlined above are invited to send in their names and addresses to Mr. Hugh Bragg, Metropolitan Construction Co., Ltd., Queen Tin Building, 2nd Floor, Hong Kong.

Printed and published for the proprietors, The Newspaper Enterprise, Limited, by WALTER JAMES KEATES, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

Yip said that he was released on Nov. 8, 1943.

Hearing of the case will be resumed this morning.

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## Masterly Display

Edrich cracked Plimvill for three sixes and both he and Compton maintained a steady flow of boundaries when Plimvill and Tuckett operated with the new ball. It was not poor bowling; it was a masterly display by two great batsmen.

Edrich had an uncomfortable 15 minutes against Mann, slow left-arm bowler, after reaching 100 and was actually dropped by Dyer when 101. Dyer got his hands to a difficult skier, but dropped the ball when overbalanced.

Edrich had batted for three hours 55 minutes and hit three sixes and 15 fours.

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Sen Prince, exhibited and ridden by the Belgian, Chevalier de Selliers De Moranville, with seven faults, was third.—Reuter.

Yip said that he was released on Nov. 8, 1943.

Hearing of the case will be resumed this morning.

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